Monthly Financial Report

February 2020



CITY OF SEDONA

June 3, 2020

Monthly Financial Report

February 2020

Executive Summary

The City's largest revenue sources are sales and bed tax revenues. Year-to-date City sales taxes are 11% higher than the prior year and year-to-date bed taxes are 15% higher than the prior year. (See pg. 50)

January YTD Increas Over Prior	
City Sales Taxes	\$ 1,435,937
Bed Taxes	422,530
Total	\$ 1,858,467

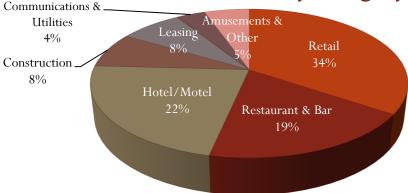
The largest sales tax increases for the month were in the Retail (24%), Hotel/Motel (26%), and Construction (43%) categories. (See pg. 49)

Decreases for the month were incurred in the Restaurant & Bar (-26%) and Leasing (-21%) categories. (See pg. 49) Decreases in these categories are primarily due to several taxpayers not submitting payments by the March 20, 2020 due date. This is likely due to the result of the COVID-19 closures occurring around that time.

Bed tax revenues increased 24% for the month. (See pg. 50) The hotel occupancy rate was up (15.7%) and the average daily hotel rate was up (2.5%). February 2019 was unusually low due to a significant winter storm event.

Year-to-date City sales taxes are 11% over the budget projections and year-to-date bed taxes are 18% over the budget projections. (See pg. 49)





Changes in the Monthly Financial Report

The Affordable Housing Fund was previously consolidated with the Grants, Donations & Other Funds. This fund is now separately presented in the Total Expenditures by Fund section (See pg. 7), Total Revenues by Fund section (See pg. 32), and All Funds Summary (See pg. 53).

In addition, a summary of the paid parking program has been added. (See pg. 54)

Revenues

In total, General Fund revenues are up 11% over last year, and Wastewater Fund revenues are up 3% from last year. (See pgs. 30 & 34) Total City revenues are up 8% over last year and at 64% of budget, with 67% of the year completed so far. (See pg. 37)

All individual revenue categories are **expected to be generally on target or exceed targets** by the end of the fiscal year, ¹ except for the following:

- In-Lieu (897% under YTD target) (See pg. 41)
 - O While the ongoing in lieu revenues are primarily received in the later part of the fiscal year, the budget included one-time Affordable Housing in lieu fees of \$625,000. At the time the budget was prepared, it was uncertain if the revenue would be received before or after June 30, 2019. This revenue was received just before the FY 2019 year-end, so the revenue will not be reported in FY 2020. While the in-lieu revenues will be low compared to budget, the revenue was received and will be used to covered budgeted Affordable Housing expenditures.
- Licenses & Permits (14% under YTD target) (See pg. 45)
 - Building permit revenues are not showing the growth that was projected during the budget process and
 may not reach budget anticipations by the end of the fiscal year. This account will be monitored to
 determine how significant the reductions may be.
- Fines & Forfeitures (18% under YTD target) (See pg. 46)
 - O Due to a significant write-off of late fees and lower than anticipated court fines, revenues may not reach budget anticipations. This account will be monitored to determine how significant the reductions may be.
- Development Impact Fees (62% under YTD target) (See pg. 47)
 - O Due to delays in some significant one-time development projects, revenues may be under target by the end of the fiscal year. However, sufficient balances exist in the Development Impact Fee Funds to cover the potential shortage.
- Capacity Fees (47% under YTD target) (See pg. 47)
 - Due to delays in some significant one-time development projects, revenues may be under target by the
 end of the fiscal year. However, sufficient surpluses exist in the Wastewater Fund to cover the
 potential shortage in this category.

Expenditures

In total, General Fund expenditures are at 66% of budget for the year-to-date, and Wastewater Fund expenditures are 53% of budget for the year-to-date, with 67% of the year completed so far. (See pgs. 6 & 11) Total City expenditures, excluding capital improvements and internal charges, are at 61% of the budget. (See pg. 14)

¹ This report is based on pre-COVID-19 closure data. Other categories, especially sales and bed tax revenues, will likely have significant reductions that are not yet reflected in the data for February 2020.

Expenditures for each department are **expected to be on or under target** by the end of the fiscal year. City Manager's Office and General Services expenditures are high for eight months but are on track due to the nature of semiannual payments for community contracts. (See pgs. 16 and 23) Wastewater Administration expenditures are high for eight months but are on track due to annual membership fees paid in July and the timing of other one-time costs. (See pg. 29)

Expenditures for capital improvements (31%) (See pgs. 56-57) and streets rehabilitation and preservation (3%) (See pg. 7) are not incurred consistently throughout the year and, as of February 2020, are overall well under targets for the fiscal year.

Report Format

The format for the City of Sedona Monthly Financial Report has been modified to provide both summarized financial information and additional historical information. The City's fiscal year (FY) is July 1through June 30. This report for February 2020 is the eighth month of the current fiscal year, FY 2020, and **represents 67% of the fiscal year**.

The report consists of the following sections:

- **Executive Summary** This summary includes a narrative discussion of the most significant information in this report.
- ➤ **Table of Contents** The table of contents includes hyperlinks to the sections and tables in this report. It also includes the status for the City's expenditures and revenues, highlighted as follows:
 - Green represents a status favorable, including expenditures on or under target and revenues on or exceeding target. Comments have been included regarding any significant favorable status, better than the target by more than 10%.
 - Yellow represents a cautionary status indicating that the particular category should be observed but is expected to be on target by the end of the fiscal year. Comments have been included regarding the cautionary status.
 - Red represents an unfavorable status indicating that particular category is not expected to be on target by more than 10% by the end of the fiscal year. Comments have been included regarding the unfavorable status.
- Expenditures and Revenues Expenditure and revenue Information has been provided both by fund (including the two Community Facilities Districts managed by the City) and by department for non capital improvement expenditures (excluding internal charges) and by type for revenues. The information includes:
 - Year-to-date (YTD) expenditures and revenues for the current fiscal year and the four previous fiscal years
 - Total annual expenditures and revenues, excluding contingencies, for the four previous fiscal years and budget amounts for the current fiscal year
 - Comparison of YTD amounts to annual amounts, which is used to determine if current year YTD amounts are on target, and any applicable comments regarding the status compared to targets
 - Increases and decreases in YTD and annual amounts and color-coded explanations of significant increases and decreases
- ➤ Sales & Bed Tax Revenues These revenues are the most significant funding sources for the City and historically have been susceptible to fluctuations in the economy. The information includes comparisons by taxing category and by month.

- Fund Summaries The City's two most significant funds, the General Fund and the Wastewater Enterprise Fund, are presented with detailed comparisons of YTD amounts to the budgets and prior fiscal year. A summary of all City funds, plus the two Community Facilities Districts, is also included. The schedules include encumbrances, which represents the balance of purchase orders not yet fulfilled.
- ➤ Paid Parking Program Summary A table of the City's paid parking program has been presented with detailed comparisons of YTD amounts to the budgets and prior fiscal year. The table includes gross revenues less program support costs to arrive at net revenues of the program available for Uptown enhancements. The ending available balances represent the balances at the beginning of the year plus net revenues less costs for Uptown enhancements.
- ▶ **Debt Outstanding** A table of the City's outstanding debt has been presented by fund with the remaining principal and interest payments for each. Bond payments are made on July 1 and January 1 in accordance with the bond debt repayment schedules. The capital lease payments and installment purchase agreement payments are made annually when due.
- ➤ Capital Projects Summary A table of the current fiscal year capital improvement projects has been presented with the total project amounts for projects spanning more than one fiscal year.
- ➤ Investment Summaries A table of the investments held by the City has been presented with the average remaining duration of the portfolio, as well as the average yield of the portfolio compared to the policy benchmark. In addition, a table of the investment transactions has been presented including acquisitions, dispositions, investment earnings, and expenses.

Additional Detail

This report provides broad summary information and analysis of the City's financial data. Additional detailed information is offered on the City's website at www.sedonaaz.gov/transparency. It is a searchable, user-friendly site that citizens and other interested parties can use to access real-time financial data.

For questions or additional information, contact:

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City of Sedona

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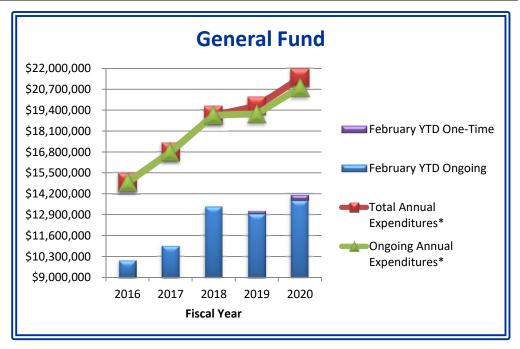
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Total Gener	ral F	und Expendi	On Target for FY 2020				
FY		ebruary YTD xpenditures	Е	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	10,053,701	\$	14,907,362	67%		
2017	\$	10,961,835	\$	16,799,273	65%	9%	13%
2018	\$	13,374,470	\$	19,091,334	70%	22%	14%
2019	\$	13,159,808	\$	19,656,990	67%	-2%	3%
2020	\$	14,124,534	\$	21,393,512	66%	7%	9%

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) For FY 2017, Council approved the transfer of all streets related expenditures other than rehabilitation and pavement preservation to the General Fund. This increase to the General Fund was approximately \$818,000.
- (2) The allocation to the tourism management and destination marketing program increased approximately \$365,000 as a result of the higher bed tax revenue collections.
- (3) Salaries & Benefits increased approximately \$410,000. This was partly due to three new full-time positions and two part-time positions added in the budget process. In addition, salaries increased due to budgeted cost-of-living adjustments of 1.8% and average merit increases of 2.5%, as well as increases to benefits due to a 3% increase to the required contributions to the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) and a 2% increase to health insurance premiums.



YTD Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) The increase was partly due to payments related to the refunds of PSPRS contributions to employees that were deemed to be unconstitutional.
- (2) The allocation to the destination marketing program increases approximately \$406,000 as a result of higher estimated bed tax revenue collections.
- (3) Accrued bond payments are approximately \$511,000 higher than the prior year.
- (4) The increase is also due to a change in allocation of property and liability insurance premium payments. In FY 2017, a portion of the premium was charged directly to the Wastewater Fund. In FY 2018, the premium is allocated based on an indirect cost allocation plan.
- (5) Vacancy savings were experienced in the prior year, in addition to budgeted cost-of-living adjustments of 2.5% and average merit increases of 2.5%, as well as an increase of 30% to the required contributions to PSPRS and a 4% increase in health insurance premiums.
- (6) The increase is also partly due to additional lease payments of approximately \$190,000 for the assigned vehicle program for patrol officers.

Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

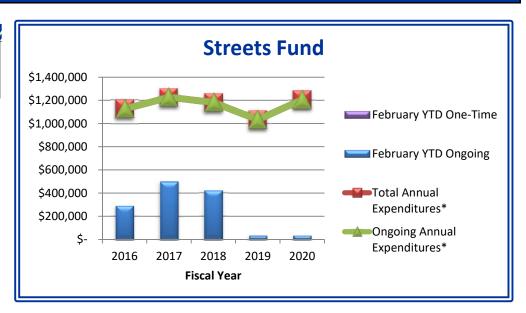
- (1) The increase was partly due to payments related to the refunds of PSPRS contributions to employees that were deemed to be unconstitutional.
- (2) The allocation to tourism management and development increased approximately \$68,000 as a result of higher estimated bed tax revenue collections.
- (3) Accrued bond payments are approximately \$758,000 higher than the prior year.
- (4) Vacancy savings were experienced in the prior year, in addition to budgeted cost-of-living adjustments of 2.5% and average merit increases of 2.5%, as well as an increase of 30% to the required contributions to PSPRS and a 4% increase in health insurance premiums.
- (5) The increase is also partly due to additional lease payments of approximately \$73,000 for the assigned vehicle program for patrol officers.
- (6) Costs for the startup and ongoing costs of the paid parking program were approximately \$122,000.

^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Total Stre	ets F	und Expen	ditu	Under Target for FY 2020			
FY	February YTD Expenditures		E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	290,872	\$	1,126,227	26%		
2017	\$	499,774	\$	1,226,595	41%	72%	9%
2018	\$	420,346	\$	1,181,500	36%	-16%	-4%
2019	\$	31,546	\$	1,032,566	3%	-92%	-13%
2020	\$	35,220	\$	1,206,020	3%	12%	17%

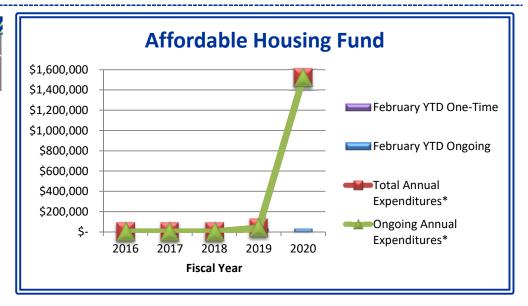
Increases/Decreases: Much of the activity in the Streets Fund is from paving and maintenance projects so spending will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

For FY 2017, the Council approved the transfer of all streets related expenditures other than rehabilitation and pavement preservation to the General Fund and increased the annual maintenance expectations to approximately 4.5 to 5.0 miles per year.



Total Affo	rdabl	e Housing	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		February YTD Expenditures		Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	-	\$	-	N/A		
2017	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2019	\$	38,374	\$	38,451	100%	∞	∞
2020	\$	31.925	\$	1,520,000	2%	-17%	3853%

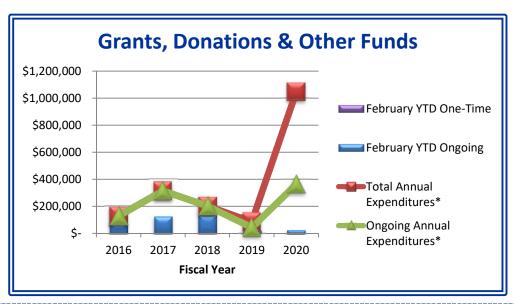
Increases/Decreases: Due to the nature of the activity in the Affordable Housing Fund, expenditures will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Total Grai	nts, D	onations &	Ot	Under Target for FY 2020			
FY	February YTD Expenditures		E	Annual kpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	79,010	\$	127,230	62%		
2017	\$	125,460	\$	314,560	40%	59%	147%
2018	\$	136,866	\$	201,703	68%	9%	-36%
2019	\$	42,510	\$	84,724	50%	-69%	-58%
2020	\$	46,661	\$	1,045,245	4%	10%	1134%

Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Grants & Donations Funds is based on the funding awarded and received during the year so spending will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

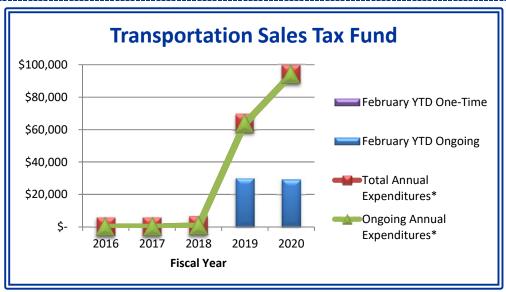


Total Tran	spor	tation Sale	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		oruary YTD Denditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	-	\$	-	N/A		
2017	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	\$	-	\$	552	0%	N/A	∞
2019	\$	29,830	\$	63,684	47%	∞	11442%
2020	\$	29,195	\$	93,870	31%	-2%	47%

The Transportation Sales Tax Fund was initiated in March 2018.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The increase is a result of vacancy savings in the prior year.

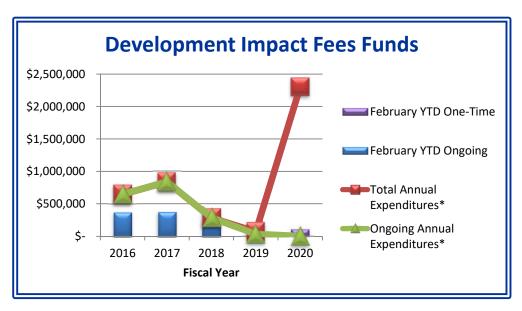


^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Total Deve	elop.	Impact Fee	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		February YTD Expenditures		Annual penditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	366,038	\$	647,006	57%		
2017	\$	371,288	\$	839,927	44%	1%	30%
2018	\$	258,084	\$	284,626	91%	-30%	-66%
2019	\$	27,200	\$	70,926	38%	-89%	-75%
2020	\$	108,947	\$	2,303,192	5%	301%	3147%

Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Development Impact Fees Funds is based on the timing of budgeted capital improvement projects so spending will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

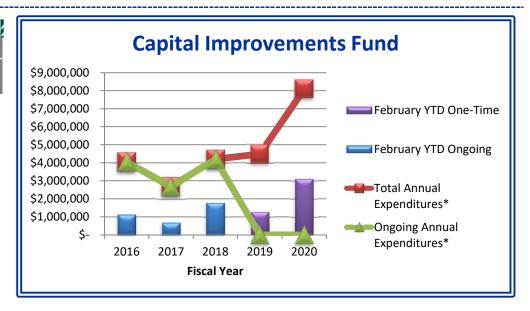
For FY 2020, budgeted expenditures include \$1.8 million for streets and transportation projects.



Total Cap	ital I	mprovemen	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		February YTD Expenditures		Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	1,117,998	\$	4,045,969	28%		
2017	\$	674,106	\$	2,677,559	25%	-40%	-34%
2018	\$	1,765,354	\$	4,199,954	42%	162%	57%
2019	\$	1,289,901	\$	4,481,715	29%	-27%	7%
2020	\$	3,105,093	\$	8,091,956	38%	141%	81%

Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Capital Improvements Fund is based on the timing of budgeted capital improvement projects so spending will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

For FY 2020, budgeted expenditures include approximately \$7.0 million for Sedona in Motion projects.

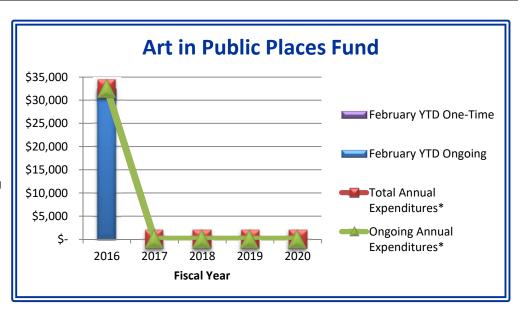


^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Total Art i	n Pub	olic Places	On Target for FY 2020				
FY	February YTD Expenditures		E>	Annual openditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase · Annual
2016	\$	32,500	\$	32,500	100%		
2017	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	-100%	-100%
2018	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2019	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2020	\$	_	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A

Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Art in Public Places Fund is based on the timing of budgeted arts projects so spending will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

For FY 2020, capital improvement projects included art installations in multiple roundabouts; however, this project has been delayed and the budget capacity transferred to other CIP projects.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Total Was	tewa	ater Enterpr	ise	Under Target for FY 2020			
FY		February YTD Expenditures		Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	8,539,657	\$	14,367,467	59%		
2017	\$	7,222,809	\$	10,625,910	68%	-15%	-26%
2018	\$	5,740,028	\$	9,924,662	58%	-21%	-7%
2019	\$	5,502,365	\$	9,682,040	57%	-4%	-2%
2020	\$	7,257,032	\$	13,810,880	53%	32%	43%

YTD and Annual Decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

The decrease is primarily due to expenditures incurred for the plant upgrade and injection well drilling in the prior year.

YTD Decrease from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) The decrease is largely due to the expenditures incurred for the injection well drilling in the prior year.
- (2) The debt service costs are approximately \$430,000 lower and are based on the monthly accruals of scheduled bond principal and interest payments.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The increase is largely due to capital improvement expenditures incurred for the administration building remodel, the initiation of the tertiary filter upgrades, initiation of the SR179 sewer main replacement, and the continuation of the Mystic Hills and
 - of the SR179 sewer main replacement, and the continuation of the Mystic Hills and Chapel lift stations improvements.
- (2) The increase is also partly due to one-time capital purchases of a closed-circuit television van, a cattail cutter, and an air curtain burner.
- (2) In addition, the debt service costs are approximately \$167,000 higher and are based on the monthly accruals of scheduled bond principal and interest payments. *Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:*
- (1) Budgeted capital improvement expenditures increased by approximately \$2.7 million, including improvements to lift stations, replacement of a sewer main and a grit reclassifier, tertiary filter upgrades, and an upgrade of the computerized plant control system.
- (2) The increase is also due to increases in maintenance costs such as sewer line and pump station repairs and maintenance.



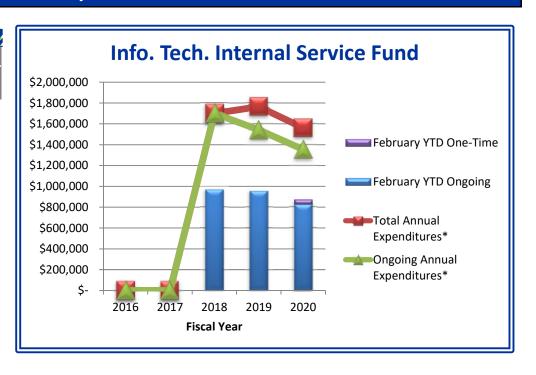
^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Total Info.	Tech	n. Internal	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY	February YTD Expenditures		Ex	Annual spenditures*	% of % Increase Annual February Exp. YTD		% Increase · Annual
2016	\$	-	\$	-	N/A		
2017	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	\$	967,618	\$	1,699,824	57%	∞	∞
2019	\$	954,151	\$	1,764,525	54%	-1%	4%
2020	\$	868.762	\$	1.560.255	56%	-9%	-12%

The Information Technology Internal Service Fund was initiated in FY 2018.

Annual Decrease from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The decrease is primarily due to an elimination of indirect cost allocations for information technology.

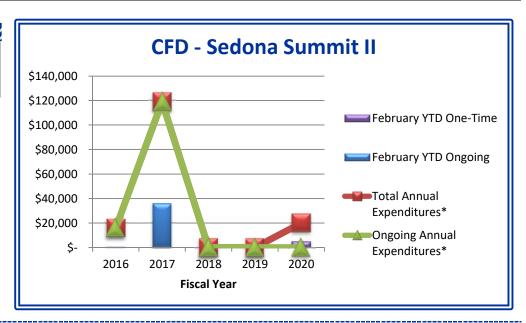


^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Total CFD	- Se	dona Sumr	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		oruary YTD penditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	827	\$	16,064	5%		
2017	\$	35,744	\$	119,131	30%	4222%	642%
2018	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	-100%	-100%
2019	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2020	\$	4,975	\$	20,000	25%	∞	∞

Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Sedona Summit II Community Facilities District is based on the timing of budgeted capital improvement projects so spending will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

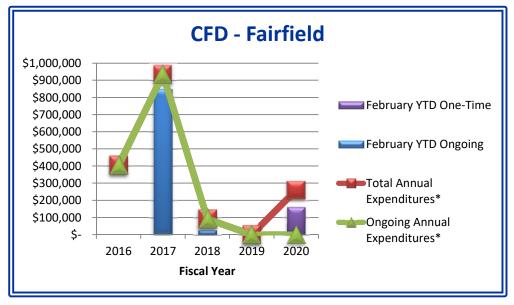
For FY 2020, capital improvement projects include improvements to the Brewer Road property.



Total CFD	- Fa	irfield Expe	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		bruary YTD penditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	-	\$	404,998	0%		
2017	\$	850,378	\$	934,239	91%	∞	131%
2018	\$	28,524	\$	90,207	32%	-97%	-90%
2019	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	-100%	-100%
2020	\$	160,000	\$	260,000	62%	∞	∞

Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Fairfield Community Facilities District is based on the timing of budgeted capital improvement projects so spending will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

For FY 2020, capital improvement projects include improvements at the Brewer Road property and improvements at Sunset Park.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

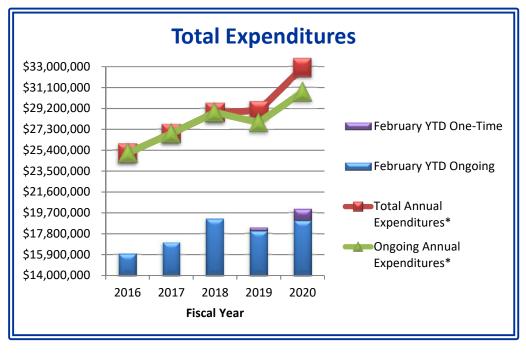
Total Exp.	(excl	. Cap. Impr. &	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		ebruary YTD xpenditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	15,970,351	\$	25,131,836	64%		
2017	\$	17,030,389	\$	26,917,407	63%	7%	7%
2018	\$	19,145,953	\$	28,830,925	66%	12%	7%
2019	\$	18,326,279	\$	28,986,656	63%	-4%	1%
2020	\$	20,029,878	\$	32,904,312	61%	9%	14%

YTD Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) The increase was partly due to increases in payments for tourism management and development.
- (2) The increase was also partly due to payments related to the refunds of PSPRS contributions to employees that were deemed to be unconstitutional.
- (3) The Traffic Control Services program was added in FY 2018.
- (4) Vacancy savings were incurred in the prior year.
- (5) The increase was also partly due to timing of vehicle lease payments.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) Salaries and benefits increased by approximately \$1.4 million as a result of the following:
 - (a) Salaries were increased due to budgeted average merit increases of 2.6%.
 - (b) The most significant increases in benefits were a 5% increase to health insurance premiums and increase to the ASRS required contribution rate of approximately 3%.
 - (c) Added positions include two custodial maintenance workers, a transit manager, a part-time administrative assistant, and a closed-circuit television (CCTV) van operator.
 - (d) Vacancy savings occurred in the prior fiscal year.
- (2) The allocation to tourism management and development increased approximately \$316,000.
- (3) One-time capital expenditures increased by approximately \$1.0 million and included items such as a CCTV van, a dump truck/snow plow, generator replacements, and carryover of a cattail cutter.
- (4) A CDBG grant award has been included for \$330,000.

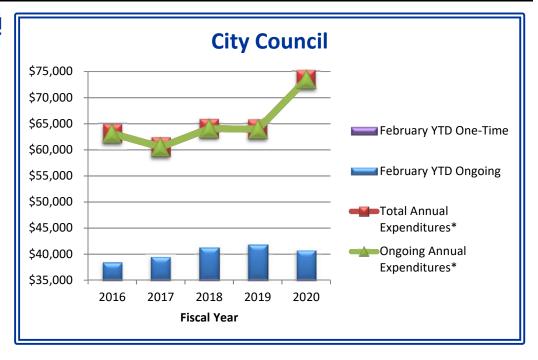


^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

C	ity Coui	ncil Exp	penditures	Under Target for FY 2020				
	FY		oruary YTD penditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
	2016	\$	38,379	\$	63,123	61%		
	2017	\$	39,457	\$	60,524	65%	3%	-4%
	2018	\$	41,272	\$	64,087	64%	5%	6%
	2019	\$	41,814	\$	63,929	65%	1%	<-1%
	2020	\$	40,748	\$	73,470	55%	-3%	15%

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

Budget capacity was maintained for Travel & Training and Special Programs.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

City Man	ager's	Office Expen	On Target for FY 2020				
FY	February YTD Expenditures		Annual Expenditures*		% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	465,092	\$	745,235	62%		
2017	\$	523,686	\$	878,130	60%	13%	18%
2018	\$	2,656,283	\$	2,965,716	90%	407%	238%
2019	\$	2,702,498	\$	3,034,193	89%	2%	2%
2020	\$	3.112.915	\$	3.598.820	86%	15%	19%

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

The Economic Development program totaling approximately \$165,000 was initiated.

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The Tourism Management & Development costs were moved from General Services to the City Manager's Office budget, and the Economic Development program was moved to a separate department.

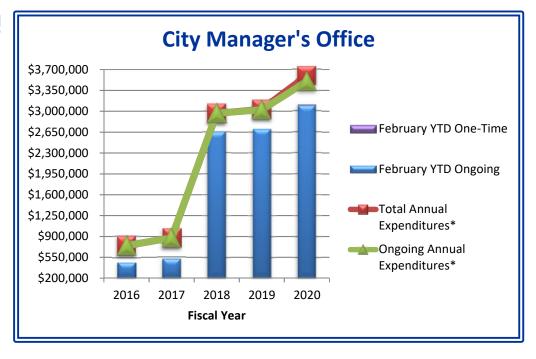
YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The increase is primarily a result of an increase in the Chamber contract for Tourism Management & Development costs.
- (2) The increase is also due to the transfer of the U.S. Forest Service trails maintenance agreement and participation in the Oak Creek Watershed Council from Public Works.
- (3) The increase is also due to costs for the electric vehicle charging infrastructure.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The budgeted increase is partly due to an increase in the Chamber contract for tourism management & development costs.
- (2) The increase is also due to the transfer of sustainability costs from other departments, including participation in the Oak Creek Watershed Council, the U.S. Forest Service trails maintenance agreement, and the annual hazardous waste event.
- (3) Budget additions include electric vehicle charging infrastructure and development of a sustainability plan.

On Target for FY 2020: The percentage of annual expenditures is high for eight months of the fiscal year (86% actual compared to eight-month budget of 67%). Approximately 69% of the budget represents costs for the Tourism & Development program, and those costs are paid semiannually. One half of these contracts are paid in July and one half in December or January. Based on the timing and size of these payments, the City Manager's Office expenditures are on track for FY 2020.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Human Re	esour	ces Expendit	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		bruary YTD penditures	E:	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	126,649	\$	217,866	58%		
2017	\$	162,299	\$	255,942	63%	28%	17%
2018	\$	168,112	\$	260,124	65%	4%	2%
2019	\$	149,783	\$	246,933	61%	-11%	-5%
2020	\$	167,643	\$	302,850	55%	12%	23%

YTD Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) The increase is primarily due to increases in recruitment and relocations costs.
- (2) Prior to FY 2017, salary allocations to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Administration Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund. *Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:*
- (1) The increase is partly due to increases in recruitment and relocations costs.
- (2) Special programs costs are higher due an increase in costs for the volunteer appreciation event.
- (3) Prior to FY 2017, salary allocations to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Administration Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.

YTD Decrease from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

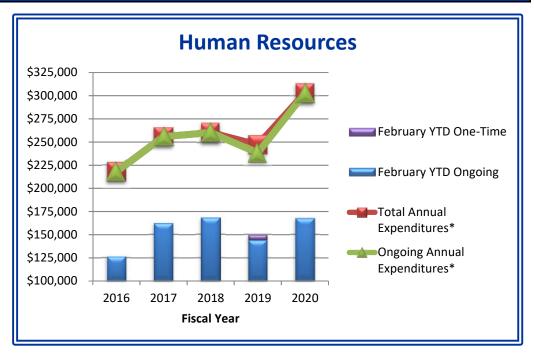
- (1) The decrease was partly due to savings in salary and benefit accounts.
- (2) The decrease was also due to reductions in unemployment benefit costs.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The increase was largely due to training costs for the implementation of the City's Lean Six Sigma program.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

Budget capacity was maintained for recruitment/relocation and employee exams costs.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Financial	Servic	es Expendit	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		oruary YTD penditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	274,153	\$	450,225	61%		
2017	\$	546,788	\$	859,666	64%	99%	91%
2018	\$	631,671	\$	995,149	63%	16%	16%
2019	\$	715,008	\$	1,190,722	60%	13%	20%
2020	\$	815,953	\$	1,304,560	63%	14%	10%

YTD Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

Prior to FY 2017, salary and other cost allocations to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Administration Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund. The Utility Billing function in Financial Services is a significant part of these allocations.

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) Prior to FY 2017, salary and other cost allocations to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Administration Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund. The Utility Billing function in Financial Services is a significant part of these allocations.
- (2) Salaries were increased due to budgeted cost-of-living adjustments of 1.8% and average merit increases of 2.5%. The most significant increase in benefits was a 2% increase to health insurance premiums.

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) Service charges were moved from General Services to the Financial Services Department and increased to account for service charges applicable to the new paid parking program.
- (2) Vacancy savings were experienced in FY 2017.

YTD Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

- (1) Vacancy savings were experienced in FY 2018.
- (2) Service charges increased due to an increase in the amount charged by the state for processing sales tax payments, the implementation of remittance processing for utility bills, and a reduction of compensating balances for pooled investments.

Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

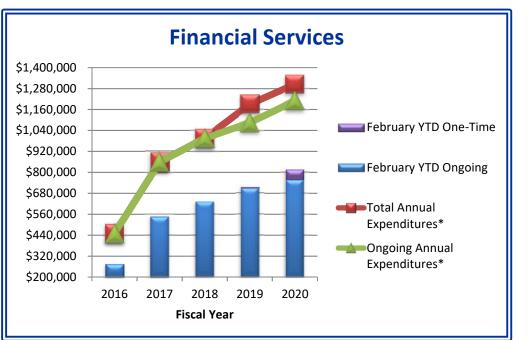
- (1) Vacancy savings were experienced in FY 2018.
- (2) Service charges increased due to an increase in the amount charged by the state for processing sales tax payments, the implementation of remittance processing for utility bills, and a reduction of compensating balances for pooled investments.
- (3) Professional services increased due to one-time costs for a wastewater rate study, a biennial development impact fee audit, and implementation of report writing software.

 YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:
- (1) A part-time Administrative Assistant position was added.
- (2) One-time costs associated with wastewater rate study, biennial development impact fee audit, and implementation of report writing software were incurred.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

Budgeted increases included the addition of a part-time Administrative Assistant position and carryovers for the wastewater rate study, biennial development impact fee audit, and implementation of report writing software.

* For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.



Informatio	n Te	chnology Exp	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		ebruary YTD xpenditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	631,359	\$	853,746	74%		
2017	\$	785,577	\$	1,083,123	73%	24%	27%
2018	\$	775,495	\$	1,238,666	63%	-1%	14%
2019	\$	790,995	\$	1,284,242	62%	2%	4%
2020	\$	776,221	\$	1,437,110	54%	-2%	12%

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

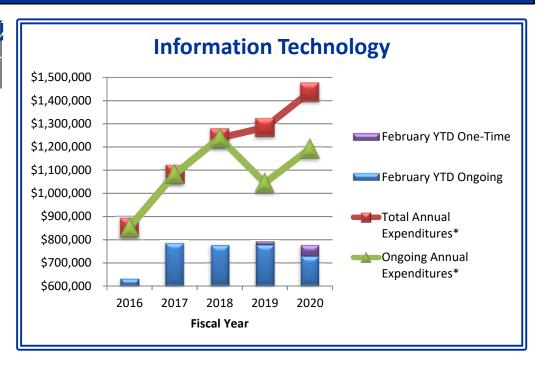
- (1) The increase is partly due to the replacement and upgrade of the storage area network and upgrade of a digital evidence logger recorder.
- (2) Prior to FY 2017, salary and other cost allocations to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Administration Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.
- (3) A part-time Support/Help Desk Technician position was added.
- (4) Communications costs previously recorded in the General Services Department were transferred to Information Technology.

Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) Hardware purchases included replacement of a server and a storage area network.
- (2) A generator failed during the year and needed to be replaced.
- (3) Software purchases included a migration to Microsoft 365 and budget automation software.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The budgeted increase is primarily due to estimated increases in software maintenance and licensing costs.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

City Attori	ney's	Office Expen	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		bruary YTD penditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	322,067	\$	496,564	65%		
2017	\$	294,074	\$	548,304	54%	-9%	10%
2018	\$	356,793	\$	563,398	63%	21%	3%
2019	\$	362,783	\$	546,348	66%	2%	-3%
2020	\$	415,189	\$	805,530	52%	14%	47%

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) Prior to FY 2017, salary and other cost allocations to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Administration Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.
- (2) Budgeted amounts for payment of legal claims was transferred from the General Services Department.

YTD Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

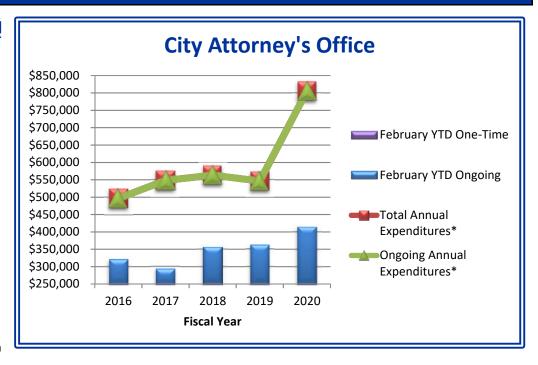
The increase is primarily due to costs associated with claims for sewage cleanup and vacancy savings incurred in the prior year.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The increase is primarily due to restructuring of the Associate City Attorney position to an Assistant City Attorney position.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The increase is partly due to restructuring of the Associate City Attorney position to an Assistant City Attorney position.
- (2) Budgeted capacity was also included for any potential payment of legal claims and services.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

City Clerk	's Off	fice Expenditu	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		ebruary YTD openditures	E:	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	137,049	\$	219,942	62%		
2017	\$	169,745	\$	265,657	64%	24%	21%
2018	\$	156,056	\$	251,368	62%	-8%	-5%
2019	\$	185,753	\$	301,095	62%	19%	20%
2020	\$	170,718	\$	267,860	64%	-8%	-11%

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) FY 2017 was an election year. Costs included the biennial election and the renewals of two franchise agreements.
- (2) Prior to FY 2017, salary and other cost allocations to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Administration Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department with the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

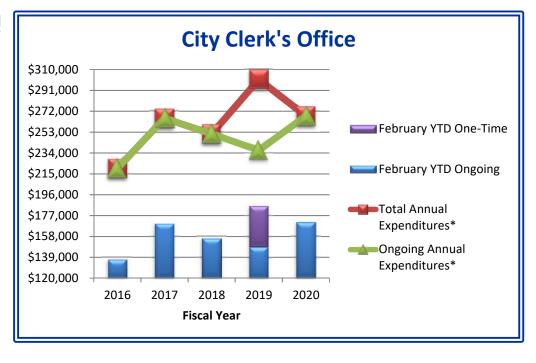
- (1) FY 2017 was an election year. Costs included the biennial election and the renewals of two franchise agreements.
- (2) Costs related to the City's electronics recycling event increased due to an increase in participation.
- (3) Prior to FY 2017, salary allocations to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Administration Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.
- (4) Salaries were increased due to budgeted cost-of-living adjustments of 1.8% and average merit increases of 2.5%. The most significant increase in benefits was a 2% increase to health insurance premiums.

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The increase is largely due to election costs.

Annual Decrease from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The decrease is largely due to election costs in the prior year.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Parks & Recreation Expenditures

Parks & R	ecrea	tion ⊑ xpenai	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		bruary YTD penditures	E	Annual openditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	325,543	\$	493,305	66%		
2017	\$	366,015	\$	608,478	60%	12%	23%
2018	\$	379,067	\$	605,545	63%	4%	<-1%
2019	\$	422,918	\$	679,128	62%	12%	12%
2020	\$	429,821	\$	780,440	55%	2%	15%

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) Salaries were increased due to budgeted cost-of-living adjustments of 1.8% and average merit increases of 2.5%. The most significant increase in benefits was a 2% increase to health insurance premiums.
- (2) Special events were increased approximately \$33,000 for additional events and enhancements of existing events.
- (3) Grant funding for the Wetlands Viewing Piers and the Sunset Park Tot Lot was included.

YTD Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The increase was primarily due to payments for holiday decorations authorized from the paid parking monies designated for Uptown improvements.

Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

An increase in donations allowed for an increase in special events costs.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The Uptown merchants requested an additional \$40,000 be added to the holiday decorations budget from the paid parking monies designated for Uptown improvements.
- (2) Budget capacity is available in case of availability to increase staffing at the swimming pool.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

General S	Servi	ices Expend	On Target for FY 2020				
FY		ebruary YTD xpenditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	3,198,644	\$	4,071,785	79%		
2017	\$	3,332,818	\$	4,209,363	79%	4%	3%
2018	\$	1,526,547	\$	1,747,264	87%	-54%	-58%
2019	\$	1,370,968	\$	1,573,590	87%	-10%	-10%
2020	\$	1,581,089	\$	1,898,106	83%	15%	21%

YTD and Annual Decrease from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

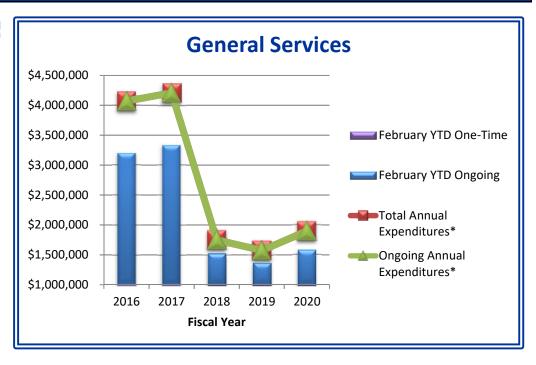
- (1) The debt service costs were moved to a separate departmental code in the general ledger.
- (2) Tourism Management & Development costs were moved to the City Manager's Office budget.

YTD and Annual Decrease from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The decrease is primarily due to payments related to the prior year refunds of PSPRS contributions to employees that were deemed to be unconstitutional.

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The increase is largely due to an increase in the support for Sedona Recycles and costs for the expansion of the Verde Lynx transit system.

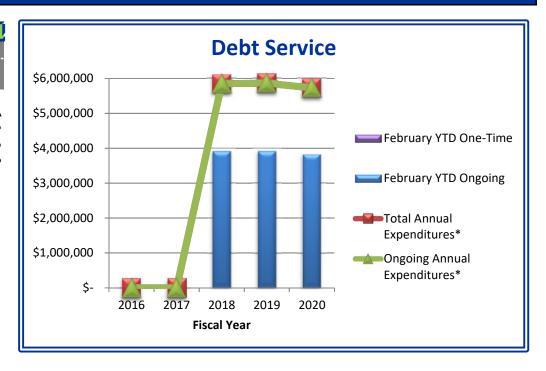


On Target for FY 2020: The percentage of annual expenditures is high for eight months of the fiscal year (83% actual compared to eight-month budget of 67%). Approximately 65% of the budget represents costs for community service contracts, and those costs are paid semiannually. One half of these contracts are generally paid in either July or August and the other half in December or January. Based on the timing and size of these payments, the General Services Department expenditures are on track for FY 2020.

^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Debt Serv	/ice	Expenditure	On Target for FY 2020				
FY		ebruary YTD xpenditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	-	\$	-	N/A		
2017	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	\$	3,904,271	\$	5,853,030	67%	∞	∞
2019	\$	3,904,405	\$	5,864,449	67%	<1%	<1%
2020	\$	3,818,496	\$	5,729,775	67%	-2%	-2%

Debt Service costs were moved to a separate departmental code in the general ledger starting in FY 2018.



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Commun	ity D	evelopment	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		bruary YTD penditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	760,861	\$	1,201,326	63%		
2017	\$	873,538	\$	1,576,171	55%	15%	31%
2018	\$	979,908	\$	1,550,218	63%	12%	-2%
2019	\$	953,343	\$	1,468,592	65%	-3%	-5%
2020	\$	909,213	\$	1,954,210	47%	-5%	33%

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) A significant portion of the increase is due to Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) expenditures. The City has typically received CDBG awards every three years.
- (2) The increase is also related to the update of the Land Development Code, amendments to the Community Plan, and development of a wireless master plan.
- (3) A new file storage system was purchased for approximately \$22,000.
- (4) Historic Preservation Grants were included for \$20,000.
- (5) Salaries were increased due to budgeted cost-of-living adjustments of 1.8% and average merit increases of 2.5%. The most significant increase in benefits was a 2% increase to health insurance premiums.



YTD Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) A portion of the increase is due to Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) expenditures. The grant is on a different fiscal year, and some of the final expenditures were incurred in FY 2018.
- (2) The increase is also due to vacancy savings in the prior fiscal year.
- (3) In addition, the increase was due to costs incurred for the Land Development Code update.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The increase is primarily due to a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) award.

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Public Wo	rks E	Expenditures		Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		ebruary YTD openditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual	
2016	\$	1,564,248	\$	3,214,005	49%			
2017	\$	2,354,833	\$	4,397,351	54%	51%	37%	
2018	\$	2,536,127	\$	4,705,978	54%	8%	7%	
2019	\$	2,012,577	\$	4,554,481	44%	-21%	-3%	
2020	\$	2,428,679	\$	5,093,274	48%	21%	12%	

- (1) The increase was due to increased expenditures for road rehabilitation and
- (2) Prior to FY 2017, salary and other cost allocations for Capital Projects Management to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.
- (3) Positions added in FY 2016 were filled mid-year so vacancy savings were experienced in the prior year.

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) The increase was primarily due to increased expenditures for road rehabilitation and maintenance.
- (2) Prior to FY 2017, salary and other cost allocations for Capital Projects Management to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.
- (3) Salaries and benefits increased due to the implementation of a traffic control services program, vacancy savings in the prior year, and budgeted cost-of-living adjustments of 1.8% and average merit increases of 2.5%.

YTD Decrease from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

- (1) The decrease was partly due to one-time capital purchases in the prior year for a hot box for the Streets program, replacement of the Posse Grounds Hub roof, and a variable message sign for the Transportation Services program.
- (2) The decrease was also partly due to the timing of streets maintenance and rehabilitation costs.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The increase is partly due to one-time facilities maintenance costs including replacement of the pergola in the City Hall courtyard, roof repairs, small remodel projects, and other miscellaneous facilities projects.
- (2) The increase is also partly due to vacancy savings incurred in the prior year.
- (3) The increase is also due to timing of streets maintenance costs and increases in right-of-way landscaping/tree removal costs and asphalt repairs.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) Budgeted increases include various facility improvements and the additional of a dump truck/snow plow.
- (2) The increase is also a result of vacancy savings in the prior year.

Public Works \$5,500,000 \$5,000,000 \$4,500,000 February YTD One-Time \$4,000,000 \$3,500,000 February YTD Ongoing \$3,000,000 YTD Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017: \$2,500,000 **■**Total Annual \$2,000,000 Expenditures* maintenance. \$1,500,000 Ongoing Annual \$1,000,000 Expenditures* 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department **Fiscal Year**

^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Economic	Deve	elopment Exp	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		bruary YTD penditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	-	\$	-	N/A		
2017	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	\$	108,240	\$	169,978	64%	∞	∞
2019	\$	127,358	\$	215,831	59%	18%	27%
2020	\$	142,743	\$	253,830	56%	12%	18%

The Economic Development program was moved to its own department in FY 2018.

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

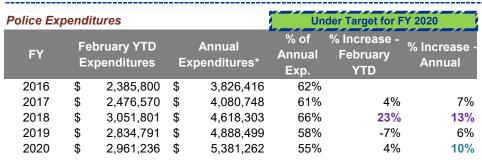
The increase was due to expenditures related to the Rural Business Development Grant and additional program marketing.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The increase was partly due to costs associated with the AmeriCorps volunteer position.
- (2) The increase was also due to increases in advertising costs and the development of an entrepreneurial program.
- (3) The increase was also due to the timing of support payments for VVREO.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

Budgeted increases the addition of an AmeriCorps volunteer position, implementation of a regional economic development plan, and a marketing plan.

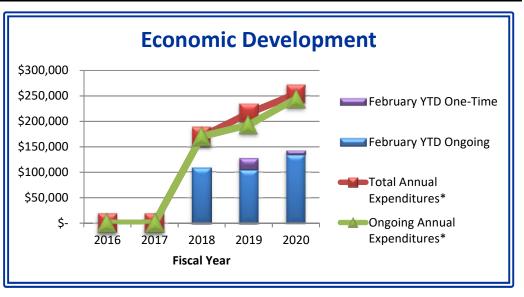


YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) Vacancy savings were experienced in FY 2017.
- (2) The PSPRS required contribution rate increased approximately 30%.
- (3) The increase is also partly due to additional lease payments for the completion of the assigned vehicle program for patrol officers.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The budgeted increase was the result of the addition of a Police Records Clerk position and vacancy savings in the prior year.





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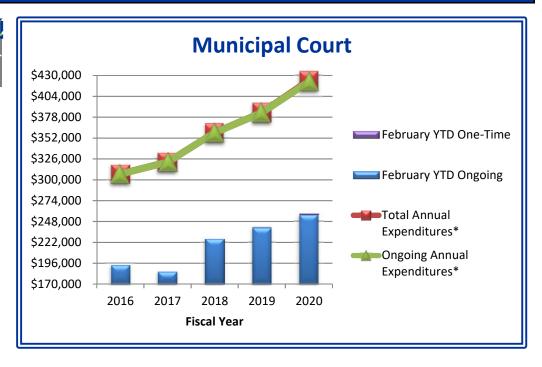
Municipal	Cour	t Expenditure	Under Target for FY 2020				
FY		bruary YTD penditures	E:	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	193,739	\$	307,281	63%		
2017	\$	185,292	\$	322,022	58%	-4%	5%
2018	\$	226,225	\$	358,670	63%	22%	11%
2019	\$	240,641	\$	383,746	63%	6%	7%
2020	\$	257,631	\$	423,565	61%	7%	10%

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) Salary and benefit costs were approximately \$17,000 higher partly due to vacancy savings experienced in FY 2017.
- (2) Court appointed attorney costs were approximately \$22,000 higher.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) Salary and benefit costs were approximately \$25,000 higher partly due to vacancy savings experienced in FY 2019 and a reclassification of the judge position from part-time to full-time.
- (2) The budget also includes approximately \$16,000 for grant funding related to security needs for the new courtroom.



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Wastewat	er Ad	lministration	On Target for FY 2020				
FY		bruary YTD penditures	E	Annual xpenditures*	% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	4,300,695	\$	6,503,494	66%		
2017	\$	3,632,117	\$	5,465,854	66%	-16%	-16%
2018	\$	135,082	\$	218,100	62%	-96%	-96%
2019	\$	156,875	\$	250,153	63%	16%	15%
2020	\$	154,267	\$	215,691	72%	-2%	-14%

YTD Decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) Prior to FY 2017, salary and other cost allocations to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Administration Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual department within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.
- (2) Debt service costs are approximately \$261,000 lower.

YTD and Annual Decrease from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

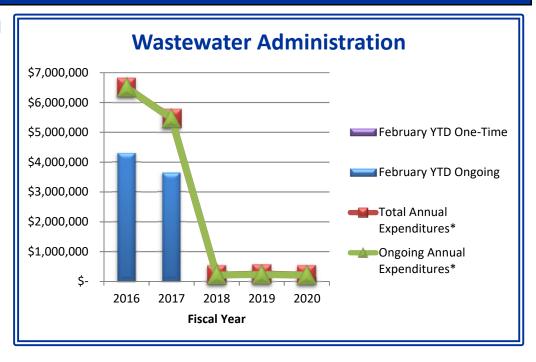
The debt service costs were moved to a separate departmental code in the general ledger.

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The increase was primarily due to vacancy savings in FY 2018.

Annual Decrease from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The budgeted decrease was primarily due to reallocation of positions between programs.



On Target for FY 2020: The percentage of annual expenditures is slightly high for eight months of the fiscal year (72% actual compared to eight-month budget of 67%) due to annual membership fees paid in July and other one-time costs associated with the administration building remodel. Based on the timing and size of these payments, the Wastewater

^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Wastewater Capital Projects Mgmt Exp. On Target for FY 2020 % Increase -% of **February YTD** Annual % Increase FY **February** Annual **Expenditures Expenditures*** Annual Exp. **YTD** 2016 76,431 \$ 176,040 43% 2017 46.476 \$ 64.796 72% -39% -63% -22% -11% 2018 36.316 \$ 57.580 63% 2019 37.626 \$ 58.376 64% 4% 1% 2020 \$ 52,439 \$ 79,300 66% 39% 36%

YTD and Annual Decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

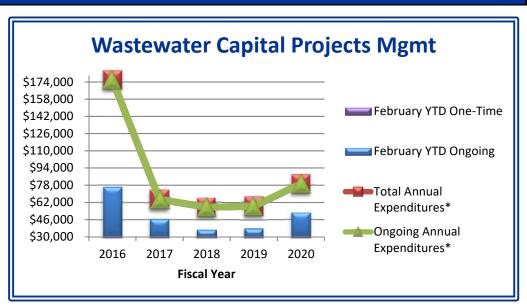
Prior to FY 2017, salary allocations for Capital Projects Management to the Wastewater Enterprise Fund were coded to the Wastewater Department. Starting in FY 2017, these are coded to each individual departments within the Wastewater Enterprise Fund.

YTD and Annual Decrease from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

The decrease is primarily due to vacancy savings in FY 2018.

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The increase is primarily due to change in allocations of positions to the Capital Projects Management program.



Wastewa	ter C	Operations E	Und	ler Target for I	Y 2020		
FY	February YTD Expenditures		Annual Expenditures*		% of Annual Exp.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	1,169,641	\$	2,291,483	51%		
2017	\$	1,241,103	\$	2,241,279	55%	6%	-2%
2018	\$	1,476,685	\$	2,607,751	57%	19%	16%
2019	\$	1,316,144	\$	2,382,350	55%	-11%	-9%
2020	\$	1,794,878	\$	3,304,659	54%	36%	39%

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

The increase is largely a result of a generator replacement and rental.

YTD Decrease from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The decrease is largely a result of a generator replacement and rental in the prior year.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The increase is due to one-time capital items, including a closed-circuit television van, a cattail cutter, and an air curtain burner.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) Budget additions include a closed-circuit television van and an additional position to operate the van, generator replacements, carryover of the cattail cutter, and an air curtain burner.
- (2) In addition, operational maintenance costs were budgeted high to accommodate potential pump station and sewer line repair/maintenance costs.



^{*} For current year, Annual Expenditures represent total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Expenditures represent total actual.

Total Gene	ral F	und Revenue	es	On Target for FY 2020			
FY		ebruary YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	11,039,030	\$	18,612,738	59%		
2017	\$	14,878,140	\$	25,135,539	59%	35%	35%
2018	\$	16,734,838	\$	27,601,469	61%	12%	10%
2019	\$	17,443,325	\$	29,367,300	59%	4%	6%
2020	\$	19,345,209	\$	28,842,120	67%	11%	-2%

YTD Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) An accounting change was made in the recording of City sales taxes in FY 2017. Previously, the portion of City sales tax designated for the Wastewater Fund subsidy was recorded as revenue in the Wastewater Fund. For FY 2017, the entire City sales tax collections are recorded in the General Fund, and the subsidy to the Wastewater Fund is recorded as a transfer. In addition, the subsidy was reduced from 30% to 25%.
- (2) Bed tax revenues increased 24%, and City sales tax revenues increased 9%. *Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:*
- (1) An accounting change was made in the recording of City sales taxes in FY 2017.

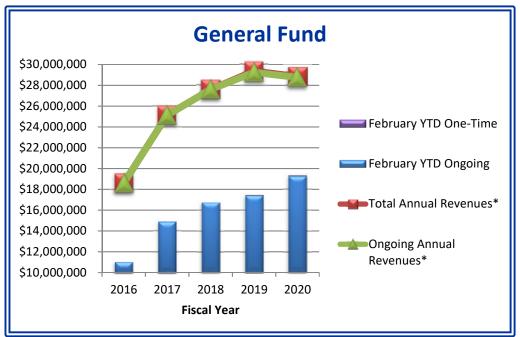
 Previously, the portion of City sales tax designated for the Wastewater Fund
 subsidy was recorded as revenue in the Wastewater Fund. For FY 2017, the entire City sales tax collections are recorded in the General Fund, and the subsidy to the Wastewater Fund is recorded as a transfer. In addition, the subsidy was reduced from 30% to 25%.
- (2) Bed tax revenues increased 27%, and City sales tax revenues increase 9%.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) City sales taxes increased 8% and bed tax revenues increased 22%. The increases are partly due to increases in tourism categories, as well as increases due to the change in legislation regarding short-term rentals effective January 1, 2017.
- (2) In addition, the paid parking program was initiated the end of June 2017. Charges for services include additional revenues related to the program of approximately \$353,000.

Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) City sales taxes increased 13% and bed tax revenues increased 16%. The increases are partly due to increases in tourism categories, as well as increases due to the change in legislation regarding short-term rentals effective January 1, 2017.
- (2) In addition, the paid parking program was initiated the end of June 2017. Charges for services include additional revenues related to the program of approximately \$565,000. **YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:**
- (1) City sales taxes increased 11% and bed tax revenues increased 15%.
- (2) In addition, a dividend of approximately \$110,000 was received from the risk retention pool.

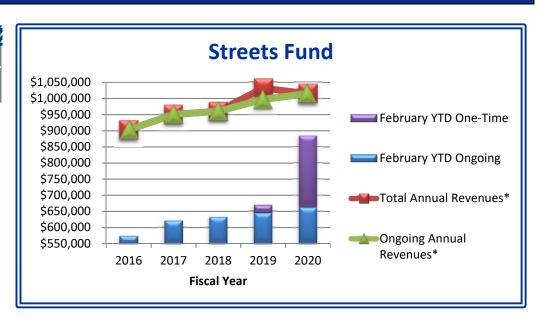


^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

Total Stre	ets F	und Reven	ues	Exceeds Target for FY 2020			
FY		oruary YTD devenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	573,614	\$	902,994	64%		
2017	\$	621,646	\$	950,751	65%	8%	5%
2018	\$	633,323	\$	960,751	66%	2%	1%
2019	\$	669,160	\$	1,032,078	65%	6%	7%
2020	\$	883,866	\$	1,015,260	87%	32%	-2%

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

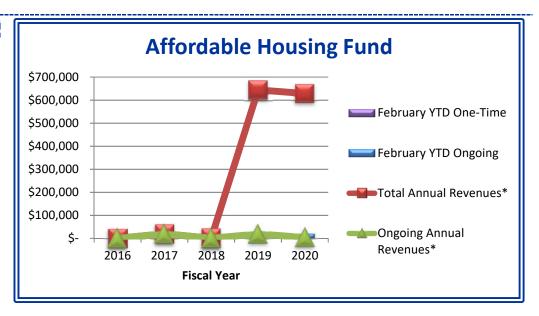
The increase is primarily due to a one-time state allocation of \$18 million to cities and towns for street and highway projects. Funds must be spent in the same manner as Highway User revenues.



Total Affo	ordabl	e Housing	Under Target for FY 2020			
FY		ruary YTD evenues	Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	-	\$ -	N/A		
2017	\$	19,800	\$ 19,800	100%	∞	∞
2018	\$	-	\$ 98	0%	-100%	-100%
2019	\$	3,076	\$ 644,214	<1%	∞	658403%
2020	\$	20.103	\$ 629.010	3%	554%	-2%

Increases/Decreases: Due to the nature of the activity of the Affordable Housing Fund, revenues will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

Under Target for FY 2020: A significant one-time Affordable Housing in lieu fee was received in FY 2019 but budgeted in FY 2020. Due to the effect of the timing of these revenues, revenues are low and are expected to be under target by the end of the fiscal year.



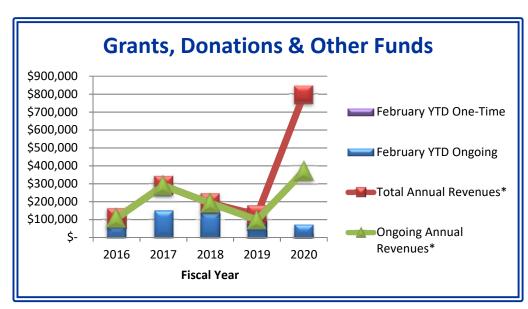
^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

Total Grants, Donations & Other Rev.

TOLAT GTA	IIIS, L	onauons c	Under rarget for FY 2020			
FY		oruary YTD evenues	Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	66,003	\$ 108,649	61%		
2017	\$	149,150	\$ 289,608	52%	126%	167%
2018	\$	140,893	\$ 191,726	73%	-6%	-34%
2019	\$	115,770	\$ 126,649	91%	-18%	-34%
2020	\$	94,523	\$ 797,145	12%	-18%	529%

Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Grants & Donations Funds is based on the funding awarded and received during the year so revenues will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

Under Target for FY 2020: The FY 2020 budget includes \$300,000 of contingent grant revenues in case a significant grant opportunity arises.

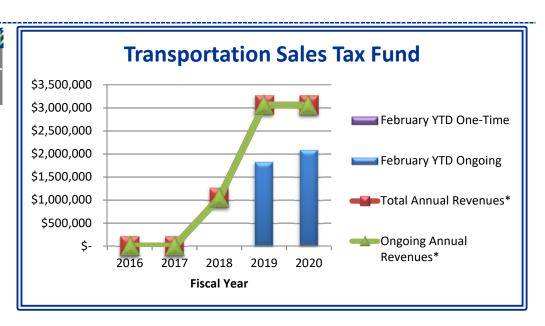


Total Tran	spo	rtation Sale	On Target for FY 2020			
FY		bruary YTD Revenues	Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	-	\$ -	N/A		
2017	\$	-	\$ -	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	\$	-	\$ 1,045,367	0%	N/A	∞
2019	\$	1,819,231	\$ 3,062,947	59%	∞	193%
2020	\$	2,085,651	\$ 3,056,500	68%	15%	<-1%

The Transportation Sales Tax Fund was initiated in FY 2018.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The increase was primarily due to an increase in sales tax revenue collections.
- (2) The increase was also due to an increase in interest revenues as a result of allowing monies to accumulate in the fund.



^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

Total Develop. Impact Fees Revenues					Under Target for FY 2020		
FY		bruary YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	208,154	\$	281,497	74%		
2017	\$	536,728	\$	654,256	82%	158%	132%
2018	\$	146,997	\$	255,051	58%	-73%	-61%
2019	\$	225,843	\$	384,847	59%	54%	51%
2020	\$	202,161	\$	671,170	30%	-10%	74%

The increase was primarily due to fees assessed with the permitting of the new Marriott facility and the new CVS.

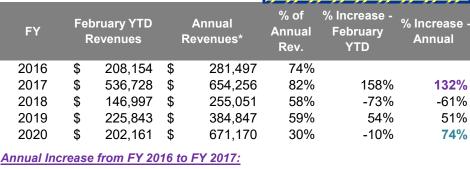
Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The budgeted increase is for anticipated one-time significant development projects.

Other Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Development Impact Fees Funds is

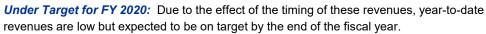
based on development and permitting so revenues will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year. As the City approaches build-out, these revenues are expected to decrease.

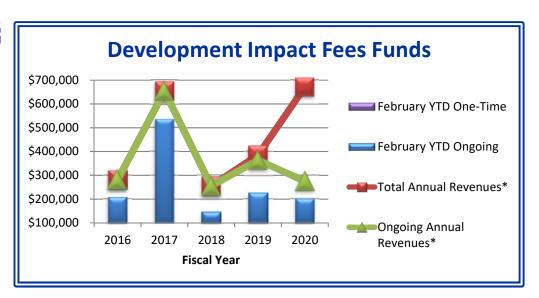
Under Target for FY 2020: Due to the effect of the timing of these revenues, year-to-date revenues are low and may be under target by the end of the fiscal year due to delays in some significant one-time development projects.

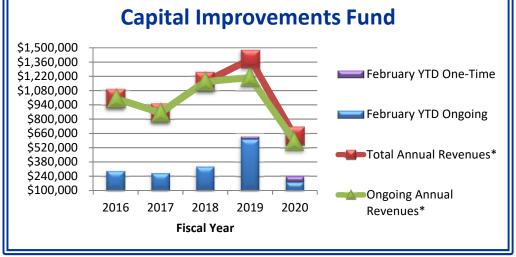


Total Capital Improvements Fund Rev.					Under Target for FY 2020		
FY		oruary YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	290,653	\$	1,003,733	29%		
2017	\$	267,629	\$	863,346	31%	-8%	-14%
2018	\$	334,114	\$	1,168,259	29%	25%	35%
2019	\$	628,011	\$	1,386,445	45%	88%	19%
2020	\$	237,326	\$	631,000	38%	-62%	-54%

Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Capital Improvements Fund is based on the timing of budgeted capital improvement projects and the receipt of funding designated for those projects so revenues will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.







^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

Total Art in Public Places Fund Rev. **Exceeds Target for FY 2020** % of % Increase - % Increase -February YTD FY Annual Revenues* Annual Revenues February YTD **Annual** Rev. 2016 77 \$ 204 38% 2017 \$ 6.406 \$ 6.528 98% 8215% 3106% 2018 \$ 397 \$ 98 407% -94% -99% 2019 \$ 3,536 30% 3523% 1,057 \$ 166%

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

1.997 \$

\$

2020

The increase was primarily due to contributions in lieu of the City's public art requirement.

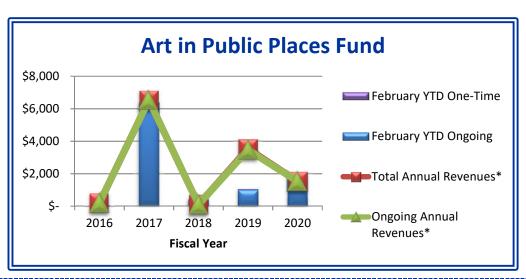
Other Increases/Decreases: The Art in Public Places Fund relies primarily on transfers from other funds. Minimal revenues are received, and for several years have only consisted of interest earnings, with the exception of FY 2017.

1.530

131%

89%

-57%



Total Wastewater Enterprise Fund Rev.					Under Target for FY 2020		
FY		bruary YTD Revenues	Anr	nual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	7,053,723	\$	11,026,791	64%		
2017	\$	5,032,714	\$	7,180,562	70%	-29%	-35%
2018	\$	4,765,295	\$	7,195,914	66%	-5%	<1%
2019	\$	4,697,197	\$	7,398,305	63%	-1%	3%
2020	\$	4,829,520	\$	7,813,213	62%	3%	6%

YTD Decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

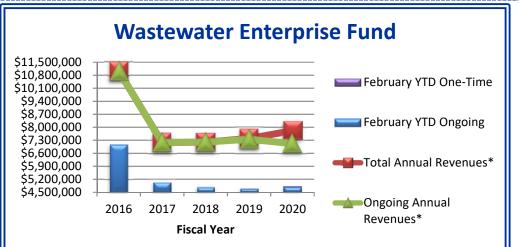
An accounting change was made in the recording of City sales taxes in FY 2017. Previously, the portion of City sales tax designated for the Wastewater Fund subsidy was recorded as revenue. For FY 2017, the entire City sales tax collections are recorded in the General Fund, and the subsidy to the Wastewater Fund is recorded as a transfer. In addition, the subsidy was reduced from 30% to 25%.

Annual Decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) An accounting change was made in the recording of City sales taxes in FY 2017. Previously, the portion of City sales tax designated for the Wastewater Fund subsidy was recorded as revenue. For FY 2017, the entire City sales tax collections are recorded in the General Fund, and the subsidy to the Wastewater Fund is recorded as a transfer. In addition, the subsidy was reduced from 30% to 25%.
- (2) In FY 2016, the City received approximately \$112,000 from APS as incentive payments for implementation of energy savings measures on projects.

Under Target for FY 2020: Revenues are low due to anticipated significant one-time capacity fees not yet received. Due to the effect of the timing of these revenues, revenues may be under target by the end of the fiscal year due to delays in some significant one-time development projects.





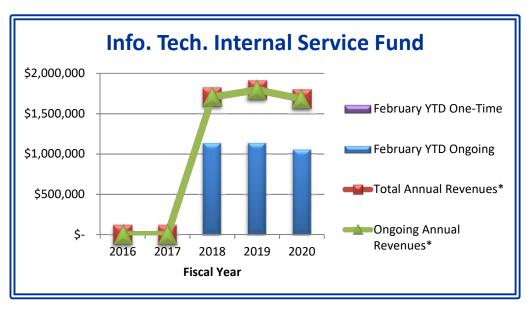
Total Revenues by Fund

Total Info. Tech. Internal Svc. Fund Rev

i otai into.	<i>i</i> ed	cn. Internal	SVC	Und	er larget for F	Y 2020	
FY	February YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*		% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	-	\$	-	N/A		
2017	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	\$	1,134,732	\$	1,705,824	67%	∞	∞
2019	\$	1,136,774	\$	1,795,609	63%	<1%	5%
2020	\$	1,052,917	\$	1,681,840	63%	-7%	-6%

The Information Technology Internal Service Fund was initiated in FY 2018.

Under Target for FY 2020: Revenues are slightly low due to lower than anticipated indirect cost allocations to the fund. Due to the effect of the timing of these revenues, year-to-date revenues are low but expected to be on target by the end of the fiscal year.



^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

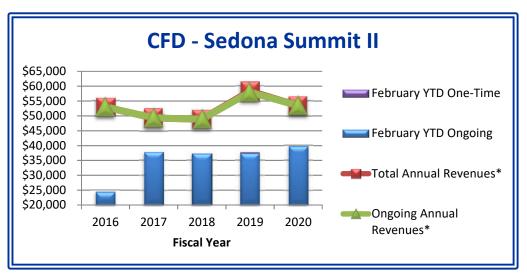
Total Revenues by Fund

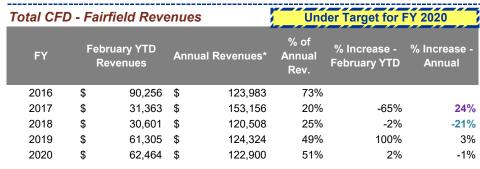
Total CFD - Sedona Summit II Revenues **Exceeds Target for FY 2020**

FY	February YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*		% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	24,439	\$	52,969	46%		
2017	\$	37,848	\$	49,312	77%	55%	-7%
2018	\$	37,281	\$	48,910	76%	-1%	-1%
2019	\$	37,716	\$	58,332	65%	1%	19%
2020	\$	39,769	\$	53,450	74%	5%	-8%

Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The increase in revenues was due to interest earnings.



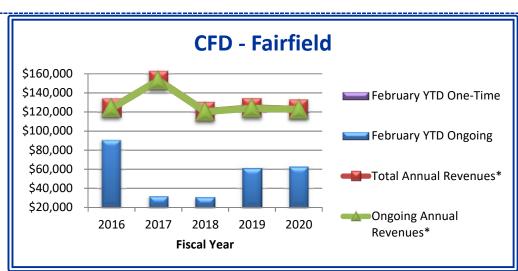


Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

The increase is partly due to the timing of in lieu fee payments. Approximately \$30,000 of FY 2016 revenue was recognized in FY 2017 due to the lateness of receipt.**

Annual Decrease from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

The decrease is partly due to the timing of in lieu fees for the Community Facilities Districts. Approximately \$30,000 of FY 2016 revenue was recognized in FY 2017 due to the lateness of receipt.**



Under Target for FY 2020: The CFD in lieu fees are received quarterly, with the largest payments typically in the second and third quarters of the fiscal year. Due to the effect of the timing of these revenues, year-to-date revenues are low but expected to be on target by the end of the fiscal year.

^{**}Revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available. The period of availability is defined as 60 days. These revenues were received after the period of availability.

^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

Total Rev	enu	es		Und	er Target for	FY 2020	
FY	February YTD Revenues			Annual % o Revenues* Annu		% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	19,345,948	\$	32,113,557	60%		
2017	\$	21,581,423	\$	35,302,858	61%	12%	10%
2018	\$	23,958,472	\$	40,293,974	59%	11%	14%
2019	\$	26,838,465	\$	45,384,586	59%	12%	13%
2020	\$	28.855.506	\$	45.315.138	64%	8%	<-1%

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

The most significant increases were in the categories of sales tax, bed tax, development impact fees, and capacity fees.

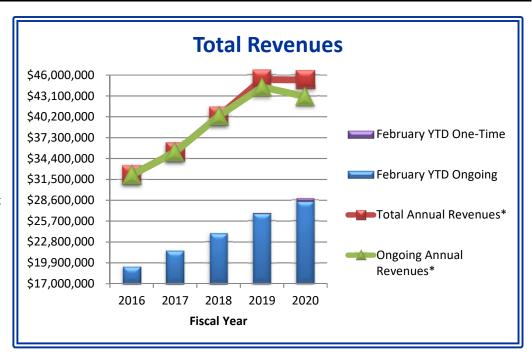
YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

The most significant increases were in the categories of sales tax, bed tax, charges for services, and other miscellaneous revenues.

YTD Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The most significant increases were in the categories of sales tax and bed tax. Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The most significant increases were in the categories of sales tax, bed tax, in lieu, and other miscellaneous revenues.



Under Target for FY 2020: Due to timing of collections of in lieu fees, other intergovernmental revenues, development impact fees, and capacity fees, total revenues are slightly low and may be under target at the end of the fiscal year.

^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

City Sales	Тах	Revenues		0	n Target for FY	2020
FY	February YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	9,106,108	\$ 14,999,612	61%		
2017	\$	9,906,368	\$ 16,268,459	61%	9%	8%
2018	\$	10,740,518	\$ 18,393,517	58%	8%	13%
2019	\$	12,983,375	\$ 21,381,693	61%	21%	16%
2020	\$	14.419.313	\$ 21.245.800	68%	11%	-1%

Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

The increase was partly due to the increase in the sales tax rate for transportation projects.

YTD Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

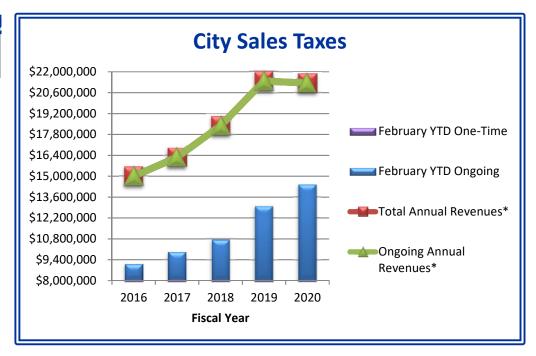
The increase was partly due to the increase in the sales tax rate for transportation projects. In addition, the most significant increases were in the Retail, Hotel/Motel, and Communications & Utilities categories.

Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The increase was partly due to the increase in the sales tax rate for transportation projects. In addition, the most significant increases were in the Hotel/Motel, Communications & Utilities, and Amusements & Other categories.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The most significant increases were in the Retail, Hotel/Motel, Construction, and Amusements & Other categories.



See City Sales Tax Revenues by Category and City Sales Taxes by Month for more information.

^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

E	Bed Tax R	Reven	ues	Exceeds Target for FY 2020			
	FY	February YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
	2016	\$	1,719,412	\$ 3,010,334	57%		
	2017	\$	2,131,555	\$ 3,811,727	56%	24%	27%
	2018	\$	2,602,419	\$ 4,431,680	59%	22%	16%
	2019	\$	2,802,044	\$ 4,788,239	59%	8%	8%
	2020	\$	3,224,573	\$ 4,769,300	68%	15%	<-1%

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

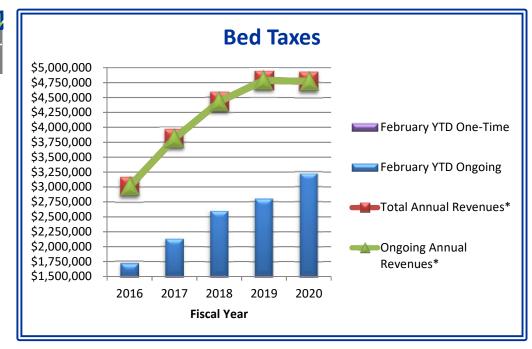
- (1) A portion of the increase represents an increase in late payments (collection of taxes for prior taxing periods) and payments made on time in FY 2017 that were made late in FY 2016.
- (2) A portion of the increase is a result of the change in legislation regarding short-term residential rentals effective January 1, 2017.
- (3) The increase is also a result of the effects of the implementation of the tourism management and destination marketing program.

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

A portion of the increase represents an increase as a result of the change in legislation regarding short-term residential rentals.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The increase was partially a result of increased year-to-date average daily room rates and occupancy rates, in addition to continued impacts resulting from changes in legislation regarding short-term residential rentals.



See Bed Taxes by Month for more information.

^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

In Lieu Re	venue	s	Un	der Target for F	Y 2020		
FY	February YTD Revenues		Ann	ual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	112,508	\$	621,391	18%		
2017	\$	92,903	\$	686,301	14%	-17%	10%
2018	\$	66,141	\$	643,087	10%	-29%	-6%
2019	\$	94,729	\$	1,280,721	7%	43%	99%
2020	\$	96,045	\$	1,292,400	7%	1%	1%

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) The increase is partly due to the timing of in lieu fees for the Community Facilities Districts. Approximately \$20,000 of FY 2016 revenue was recognized in FY 2017 due to the lateness of receipt.**
- (2) The increase is also due to the receipt of one-time Arts and Affordable Housing in-lieu revenues received in FY 2017.

Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

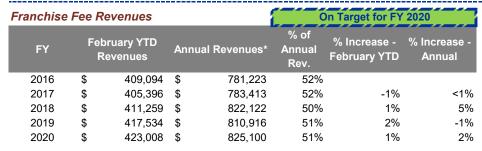
The increase is primarily due to the one-time receipt of significant Affordable Housing in lieu revenues.

revenues.

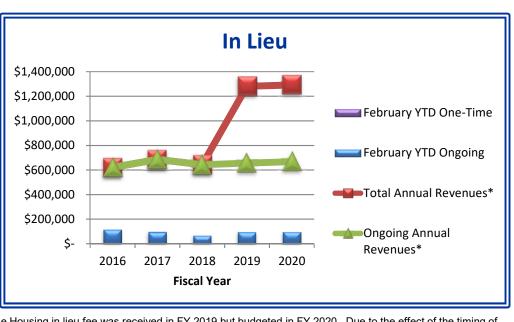
Under Target for FY 2020: The in lieu fees are received quarterly, with the largest payments

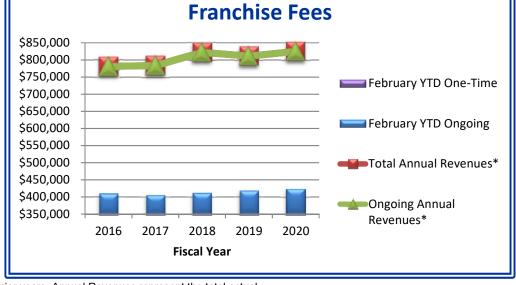
typically in the second and third quarters of the fiscal year. In addition, a significant one-time Affordable Housing in lieu fee was received in FY 2019 but budgeted in FY 2020. Due to the effect of the timing of these revenues, year-to-date revenues are low and expected to be under target at the end of the fiscal year.





On Target for FY 2020: The franchise fees are primarily received quarterly. Due to the effect of the timing of these revenues, year-to-date revenues are low but on target for this point in the fiscal year.

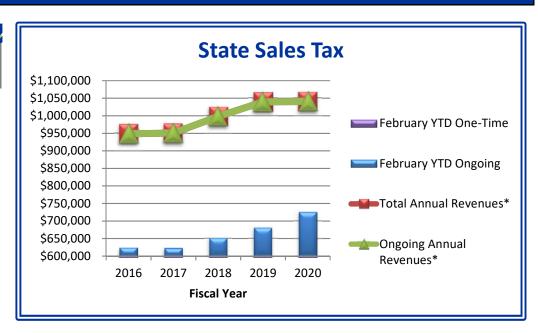




^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

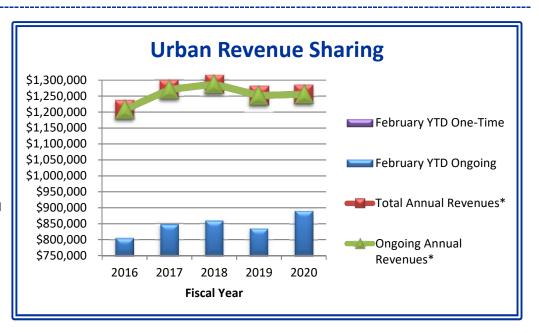
State Sale	s Tax	Revenues			Exc	eeds Target for	FY 2020
FY		bruary YTD Revenues	Anı	nual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	623,855	\$	948,696	66%		
2017	\$	622,902	\$	950,879	66%	<-1%	<1%
2018	\$	651,580	\$	998,202	65%	5%	5%
2019	\$	680,127	\$	1,039,635	65%	4%	4%
2020	\$	724,557	\$	1,040,600	70%	7%	<1%

Increases/Decreases: State sales taxes are based on state-wide sales tax collections allocated to each of the cities and towns primarily based on population.



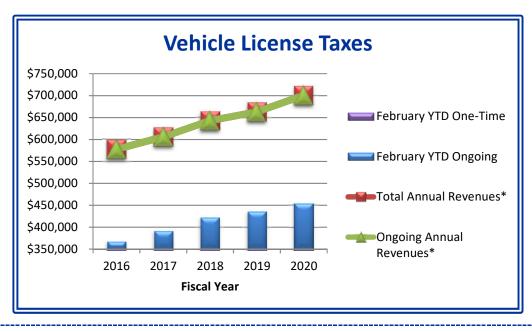
Urban Rev	/enue	Sharing Rev	Exc	eeds Target for	FY 2020		
FY		bruary YTD Revenues	Anı	nual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	805,154	\$	1,207,731	67%		
2017	\$	847,806	\$	1,270,897	67%	5%	5%
2018	\$	858,512	\$	1,287,767	67%	1%	1%
2019	\$	834,456	\$	1,251,688	67%	-3%	-3%
2020	\$	890,977	\$	1,256,100	71%	7%	<1%

Increases/Decreases: Urban Revenue Sharing in state-shared income taxes. The State provides a preliminary estimate of each city's and town's allocation, which is based on population.



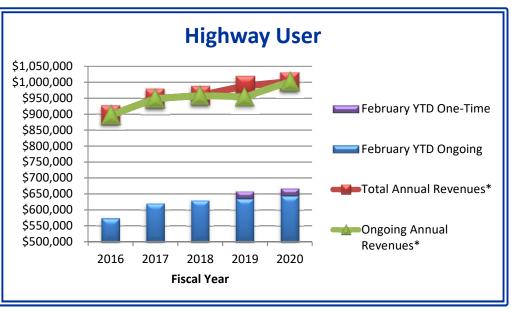
^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

Vehicle L	icense	Tax Revent	0	n Target for FY	2020		
FY	February YTD Revenues		Ann	ual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	368,098	\$	577,681	64%		
2017	\$	391,674	\$	606,030	65%	6%	5%
2018	\$	422,098	\$	642,895	66%	8%	6%
2019	\$	435,435	\$	662,934	66%	3%	3%
2020	\$	454.182	\$	700.800	65%	4%	6%



Highway U	Jser R	evenues	On Target for FY 2020				
FY	February YTD Revenues		Anı	nual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	572,401	\$	897,406	64%		
2017	\$	619,917	\$	949,028	65%	8%	6%
2018	\$	629,640	\$	958,278	66%	2%	1%
2019	\$	658,533	\$	988,814	67%	5%	3%
2020	\$	666.669	\$	1.001.830	67%	1%	1%

Increases/Decreases: The activity of the Highway User revenues is based on gasoline sales within each county and across the state and allocated primarily based on population. The amount can fluctuate based on the portion that the legislature appropriates to the state Highway User Revenue Fund.



^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

Other Inte	ergov	ernmental	Und	er Target for I	Y 2020	
FY		oruary YTD evenues	Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	339,031	\$ 874,083	39%		
2017	\$	381,828	\$ 956,757	40%	13%	9%
2018	\$	384,004	\$ 1,048,665	37%	1%	10%
2019	\$	500,218	\$ 944,725	53%	30%	-10%
2020	\$	276,252	\$ 1,117,215	25%	-45%	18%

YTD Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

The increase is primarily due to grant activity, which is based on the funding awarded and received so revenues will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year.

Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

The increase is primarily due to increases in grant funding and intergovernmental agreements.

YTD Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The increase was primarily due to a change in the way Coconino County Flood Control monies are distributed.

Annual Decrease from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

The decrease is primarily due to decreases in grant funding.

YTD Decrease from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

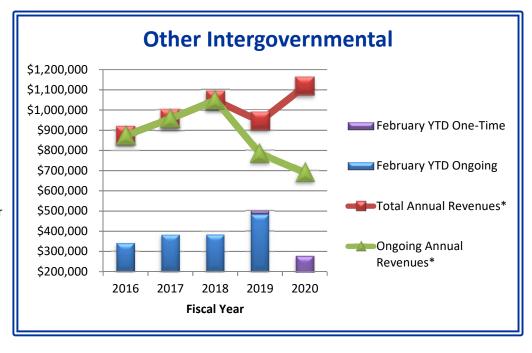
The decrease is due a change in the way Coconino County Flood Control monies are distributed. While approximately \$402,000 was received in the prior year, no funding is anticipated for FY 2020.

Annual Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

The increase is primarily due to anticipated Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding.

Under Target for FY 2020: Grants and intergovernmental agreements tied to various projects are received as awarded or based on the timing of the project. Due to the effect of the timing of these revenues, year-to-date revenues are low but are expected to be on target by the end of the fiscal year.

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^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

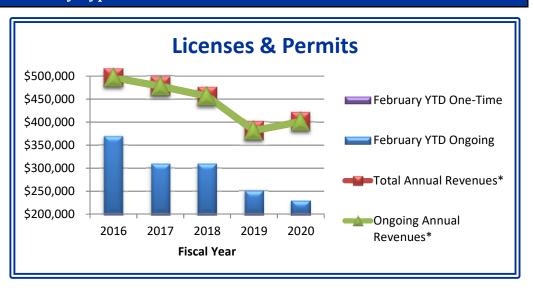
License &	Perm	it Revenues	Un	der Target for F	Y 2020	
FY		ruary YTD evenues	Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	369,095	\$ 496,777	74%		
2017	\$	309,618	\$ 478,016	65%	-16%	-4%
2018	\$	309,424	\$ 456,278	68%	<-1%	-5%
2019	\$	250,506	\$ 381,501	66%	-19%	-16%
2020	\$	229,374	\$ 401,050	57%	-8%	5%

YTD Decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

The decrease was primarily due to a result of decreases in building permits.

YTD and Annual Decrease from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

- (1) The decrease was partly due to a change in business license requirements eliminating the need for businesses without a physical presence in the City limits to obtain a license.
- (2) The decrease was also a result of a reclassification of charges for services previously classified as licenses and permits.

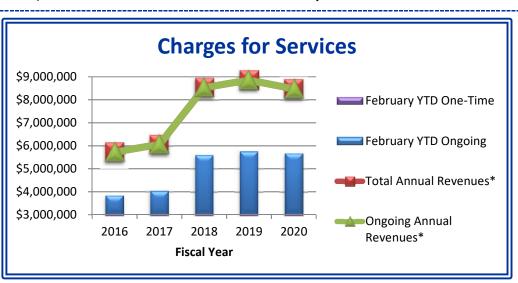


Under Target for FY 2020: While building permit revenues are not necessarily consistent from month to month, they are lower than anticipated at the time budgeted and may not reach budget anticipations later in the fiscal year. This account will be monitored but, at this point, is expected to be under estimates at the end of the fiscal year.

Charges for	or Se	rvices Reven	ues	S		n Target for FY	2020
FY		bruary YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	3,819,920	\$	5,729,286	67%		
2017	\$	4,032,120	\$	6,057,534	67%	6%	6%
2018	\$	5,597,922	\$	8,528,856	66%	39%	41%
2019	\$	5,750,642	\$	8,855,382	65%	3%	4%
2020	\$	5,666,342	\$	8,472,823	67%	-1%	-4%

YTD and Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

The increase was primarily due to the start of the paid parking program and the indirect cost allocations to fund the Information Technology Internal Services Fund.



^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

Fines & F	orfei	tures Reve	nue	Under Target for FY 2020						
FY		bruary YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual			
2016	\$	177,499	\$	241,071	74%					
2017	\$	136,485	\$	186,404	73%	-23%	-23%			
2018	\$	202,358	\$	333,546	61%	48%	79%			
2019	\$	191,095	\$	295,737	65%	-6%	-11%			
2020	\$	162,765	\$	296,960	55%	-15%	<1%			

YTD Decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in court fines and court enhancement fees collected and a reduction in delinquent wastewater accounts resulting in lower late fees on wastewater billings.

Annual Decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) The decrease was partly due to an decrease in court fines and court enhancement fees collected.
- (2) The decrease was also partly due to a reduction in delinquent wastewater accounts resulting in lower late fees on wastewater billings and a significant write-off of late fees.

YTD Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

The increase was primarily due to an increase in court fines collected, which is partly due to the start of the paid parking program and the related fines.

Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) The increase was primarily due to an increase in court fines collected, which is partly due to the start of the paid parking program and the related fines.
- (2) The increase was also partly due to a significant write-off of late fees in the prior year.

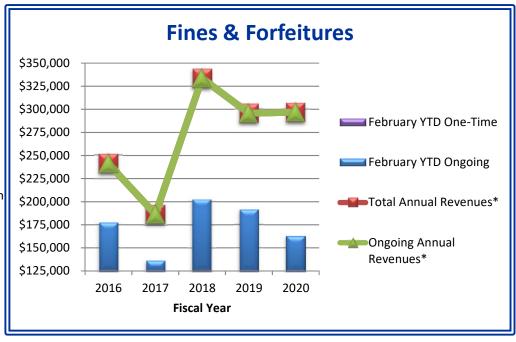
Annual Decrease from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

- (1) The decrease was partly due to a reduction in court fines collected.
- (2) The decrease was partly due to a reduction in towing fees.

YTD Decrease from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The decrease was largely due to a significant write-off of wastewater late fees.
- (2) The decrease was also partly due to a reduction in court fines collected.

Under Target for FY 2020: Fines and forfeitures are low due to a significant write-off of late fees on wastewater billings and lower than anticipated court fines. The late fees will likely be under target at the end of the fiscal year due to significant write-off and the suspension of late fees during the COVID-19 closures.



^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

Development Impact Fee Revenues

Develop	mem	ilipaci ree ni	eve		uer rarget for F	1 2020	
FY	F	ebruary YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual
2016	\$	183,582	\$	231,772	79%		
2017	\$	530,388	\$	618,740	86%	189%	167%
2018	\$	91,703	\$	207,076	44%	-83%	-67%
2019	\$	196,000	\$	292,546	67%	114%	41%
2020	\$	158,427	\$	626,350	25%	-19%	114%

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

The increase was primarily due to fees assessed with the permitting of the new Marriott facility and the new CVS.

Other Increases/Decreases: The activity of the development impact fees is based on development and permitting so revenues will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year. As the City approaches build-out, these revenues are expected to decrease.

Under Target for FY 2020: Development impact fees are not consistent from month

to month or year to year. The revenues are low and may be under target by the end of the fiscal year due to delays in some significant one-time development projects.

\$1,250,000 \$1,150,000 \$1,050,000

> \$950,000 \$850,000 \$750,000

> \$650,000

\$550,000

\$450,000

\$350,000 \$250,000

\$150,000

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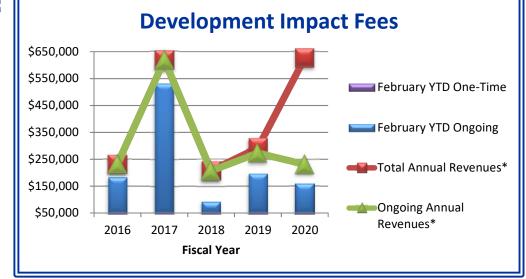
2017

2016

2018

2019

2020



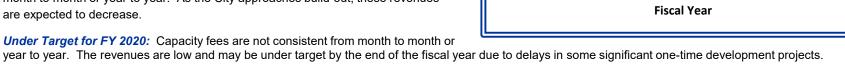
Capacity Fees

Capacity F	ee Re	venues		Under Target for FY 2020									
FY		ruary YTD evenues	Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual							
2016	\$	407,552	\$ 541,045	75%									
2017	\$	997,522	\$ 1,167,388	85%	145%	116%							
2018	\$	201,812	\$ 523,013	39%	-80%	-55%							
2019	\$	310,309	\$ 507,170	61%	54%	-3%							
2020	\$	429,852	\$ 1,227,000	35%	39%	142%							

Annual Increase from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

The increase was primarily due to fees assessed with the permitting of the new Marriott facility and the new CVS.

Other Increases/Decreases: The activity of the capacity fees is based on development and permitting so revenues will not necessarily be consistent from month to month or year to year. As the City approaches build-out, these revenues are expected to decrease.



E. EV 2040. EV 2040 do not compressed videntify on region and one time

* For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

February YTD One-Time

February YTD Ongoing

Ongoing Annual

Revenues*

Total Annual Revenues*

Other I	Viscel	laneous Rev	en	ues	Exceeds Target for FY 2020						
FY	F	ebruary YTD Revenues		Annual Revenues*	% of Annual Rev.	% Increase - February YTD	% Increase - Annual				
2016	5 \$	332,640	\$	955,449	35%						
2017	' \$	174,940	\$	511,285	34%	-47%	-46%				
2018	\$	789,083	\$	1,018,991	77%	351%	99%				
2019	\$	733,460	\$	1,902,883	39%	-7%	87%				
2020) \$	1,033,171	\$	1,041,810	99%	41%	-45%				

YTD and Annual Decrease from FY 2016 to FY 2017:

- (1) The decrease was mostly due to losses and a decrease in the interest earnings in LGIP accounts.
- (2) One-time Insurance proceeds were received in FY 2016.
- $(3) \ {\hbox{Outside participation in capital projects is not always consistent from year to year.} \\$

YTD Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) The increase was largely due to settlement proceeds from the SunEdison case.
- (2) The increase was also due to an increase in the interest earnings in LGIP accounts and pooled investment accounts.
- (3) The increase was also partly due to insurance proceeds for the City Hall flood damage.
- (4) In addition, unanticipated donations of \$15,000 were received for park benches.

Annual Increase from FY 2017 to FY 2018:

- (1) The increase was largely due to settlement proceeds from the SunEdison case.
- (2) The increase was also due to an increase in the interest earnings in LGIP accounts and pooled investment accounts.
- (3) The increase was also partly due to insurance proceeds for the City Hall flood damage.

Annual Increase from FY 2018 to FY 2019:

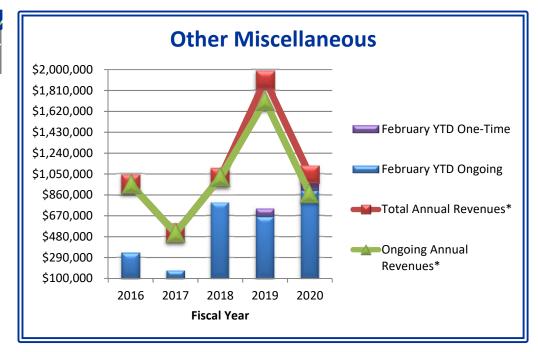
The increase was largely due to unrealized gain in market values of investments and increased interest earnings.

YTD Increase from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The increase was primarily due to an increase in the interest earnings in LGIP accounts and pooled investment accounts.
- (2) The increase was also due to a dividend received from the risk retention pool of which the City is a member.

Annual Decrease from FY 2019 to FY 2020:

- (1) The decrease was primarily due to conservative estimates of interest earnings.
- (2) In addition, unrealized gains and losses in market values of investments are not budgeted. There was a significant unrealized gain in market values in the prior year.



^{*} For the current year, Annual Revenues represent the total budgeted, excluding contingencies. For prior years, Annual Revenues represent the total actual.

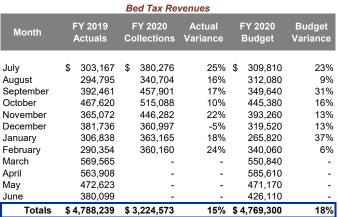
Sales Tax Revenues by Category

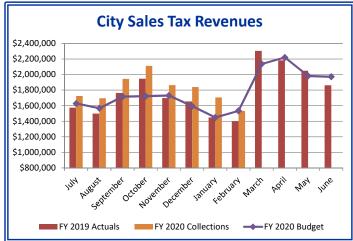
Month	Retail		estaurant & Bar	Н	otel/Motel	Co	onstruction		Leasing	C	ommuni- ations & Utilities	A	musements & Other		Totals
City Sales Tax Revenues by Category and	d by Month														
July 2018 \$	511,610	\$	321,144	\$	304,687	\$	153,287	\$	114,969	\$	70,252	\$	98,233	\$	1,574,182
August 2018	509,887		306,811		294,710		109,552		123,711		66,746		86,895		1,498,312
September 2018	599,890		355,203		394,429		129,832		124,029		65,334		94,961		1,763,678
October 2018	656,954		421,517		467,790		92,980		139,574		58,732		108,431		1,945,978
November 2018	599,965		356,589		368,420		105,784		125,669		55,670		84,959		1,697,056
December 2018	579,093		310,204		380,453		121,126		141,714		57,334		58,214		1,648,138
January 2019	509,544		283,021		309,652		93,062		121,730		64,327		56,674		1,438,010
February 2019	481,411		271,508		294,460		87,584		137,780		58,382		64,516		1,395,641
March 2019	710,090		492,066		579,585		122,056		161,264		56,678		176,372		2,298,111
April 2019	698,174		445,837		574,212		108,855		142,153		52,398		148,883		2,170,512
May 2019	657,613		425,555		480,668		132,555		129,000		54,546		168,039		2,047,976
June 2019	590,382		377,501		390,862		145,159		159,996		58,414		133,851		1,856,165
Total FY 2019 \$	7,104,613	\$ 4	4,366,956	\$	4,839,928	\$	1,401,832	\$	1,621,589	\$	718,813	\$	1,280,028	\$	21,333,759
July 2019 \$	556,523	¢	338,347	\$	385,663	Ф	125,895	\$	126,406	¢	65,539	¢	113,873	Ф	1,712,246
August 2019	533,678	Φ	335,441	Φ	340,211	φ	103,131	Φ	132,515	φ	67,910	φ	170,141	φ	1,712,240
September 2019	609,904		407,547		457,079		137,927		147,723		74,529		100,141		1,935,665
October 2019	685,931		433,018		511,731		128,867		152,000		59,328		125,885		2,096,760
November 2019	667,306		394,346		447,089		151,139		155,136		58,249		88,212		1,961,477
December 2019	725,119		310,857		369,481		168,222		143,855		55,259		67,271		1,840,064
January 2020	609,410		310,657		369,711		170,317		118,914		67,386		51,795		1,705,110
February 2020	595,491		201,021		370,185		170,317 125,386		108,770		60,966		71,085		1,705,110 1,532,904
March 2020	595,491		201,021		370,105		125,300		100,770		60,366		71,005		1,552,504
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
April 2020	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
May 2020 June 2020	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Year-to-Date FY 2020 \$	4.983.362	\$ 2	2.738.154	\$	3.251.150	\$	1.110.884	\$	1,085,319	\$	509,166	\$	789.218	\$	14,467,253
			-,0,.0.	_	0,201,100	Ť	1,110,001	_	1,000,010	_	000,100	_	100,210	Ť	,,
Current Month Comparison to Same Mon	th Last Yea	r													
February 2019 vs. February 2020 \$	•	-	(70,487)	\$	75,725		37,802	\$	(29,010)	\$	2,584	-	6,569	\$	137,263
Change from February to February	24%		-26%		26%		43%		-21%		4%		10%		10%
Year-to-Date Comparison to Year-to-Date	Last Year														
Difference in YTD \$	535,008	\$	112,157	\$	436,549	\$	217,677	\$	56,143	\$	12,389	\$	136,335	\$	1,506,258
% Change from Prior YTD	12%		4%	•	16%		24%	•	5%		2%		21%	•	12%

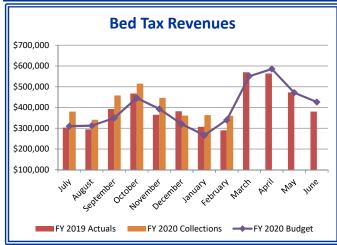
NOTE: For this table only, certain anticipated refunds have been adjusted in the prior months to enhance comparability.

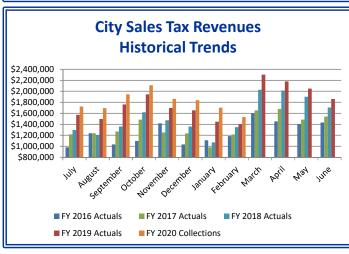
Sales & Bed Tax Revenues by Month

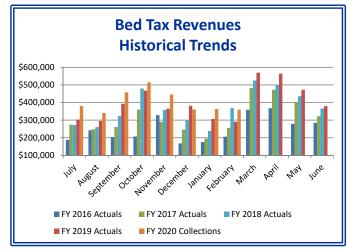
		Cit	ty Sales Tax	Revenues		
Month	FY 201 Actual		FY 2020 Collections	Actual Variance	FY 2020 Budget	Budget Variance
July	\$ 1,574,	,181 :	\$ 1,723,855	5 10%	\$ 1,627,120	6%
August	1,498,	,313	1,696,471	I 13%	1,566,580	8%
September	1,763,	,676	1,945,122	2 10%	1,716,410	13%
October	1,945,	,977	2,110,869	8%	1,721,600	23%
November	1,697,	,056	1,864,918	3 10%	1,729,920	8%
December	1,654,	,427	1,840,064	1 11%	1,593,830	15%
January	1,449,	,428	1,705,109	9 18%	1,448,090	18%
February	1,400,	,316	1,532,903	3 9%	1,533,550	0%
March	2,304,	,663			2,136,000	-
April	2,182,	,014			2,219,810	-
May	2,049,	,526			1,981,570	-
June	1,862,	,115		- <u>-</u>	1,971,320	
Totals	\$ 21,381,	,693 :	\$ 14,419,313	3 11%	\$ 21,245,800	11%











Historical Changes - City Sales Tax

Early FY 2020: Effective October 1, 2019, all retail marketplaces are required to collect and remit taxes. This is the result of Wayfair v. South Dakota; however, many of the marketplaces were already collecting and remitting taxes.

Mid FY 2019: Effective January 1, 2019, all online marketplaces (not just AirBnB) are required to remit short-term residential rental taxes on behalf of property owners.

This impacts the Hotel/Motel category.

Late FY 2018: The tax rate increased from 3.0% to 3.5% effective March 1, 2018.

Mid FY 2017: Effective January 1, 2017, the City is no longer allowed to prohibit short-term residential rentals. This impacts the Hotel/Motel category.

Mid FY 2016: The state took over collections effective January 1, 2016. For several months, tax collections were higher as a result of more timely payments by taxpayers presumably because they did not have to file a separate form with the City.

Historical Changes - Bed Tax

Mid FY 2019:

Effective January 1, 2019, all online marketplaces (not just AirBnB) are required to remit short-term residential rental taxes on behalf of property owners. Mid FY 2017: Effective January 1, 2017, the City is no longer allowed to prohibit short-term residential rentals.

Mid FY 2016: The state took over collections effective January 1, 2016. For several months, tax collections were higher as a result of more timely payments by taxpayers presumably because they did not have to file a separate form with the City.

		Gene	di	Fund Sun	mary				
		FY 2020	FY	2020 YTD	Encum-	FY 2020 YTD	% of	FY 2019 YTD	Actu
		Budget		Actuals	brances	Including Encumbrances	Budget	Actuals	Varian
Revenues									
<u>Caxes:</u>	•	10 017 100	Φ.	10 107 005		¢ 40.407.000		£ 44 400 000	4
City Sales Taxes Bed Taxes	\$	18,217,100 4,769,300	\$	12,407,985 3,224,573		\$ 12,407,985 3,224,573		\$ 11,186,889 2,802,044	1
Franchise Fees		825,100		423,008		423,008			'
State Shared Revenues:		020, .00		.20,000		120,000	. 0170	,001	
State Shared Sales Taxes		1,040,600		724,557		724,557	70%	680,127	
Urban Revenue Sharing		1,256,100		890,977		890,977			
Vehicle License Taxes		700,800		454,182		454,182	65%	435,435	
Other Intergovernmental:		20,000		4.074		4.07	400/	072	4
Grants Other		20,000 2,000		1,971 123		1,971 123			1:
n Lieu Fees		496,500		-		120	. 0%	,	_
icenses & Permits		401,050		229,374		229,374			
Charges for Services		625,300		515,389		515,389	82%	512,026	
ines & Forfeitures		206,760		130,326		130,326	63%	137,444	
Other Revenues:		407.040		440.000				00.440	
Interest Earnings Donations & Contributions		127,310		119,998		119,998		,	-1
Rental Income		45,000		32,296		32,296	- N/A 5 72%		-10
Miscellaneous		109,200		190,451		190,451		,	10
Total Revenu	ies \$	28,842,120	\$ [']	19,345,209		\$ 19,345,209		\$ 17,443,325	
Expenditures									
General Government:									
City Council	\$	75,970	\$	40,748	\$ -	\$ 40,748			
City Manager's Office		750,280		436,071 167,643	27,480	436,071 195,123		,	
Human Resources Financial Services		302,850 1,179,560		730,476	72,262	195,123 802,738			
City Attorney's Office		705,530		408,189	72,202	408,189			
City Clerk's Office		267,860		170,718	_	170,718		,	
General Services		528,155		476,141	-	476,141			
Community Development		796,585		468,260	-	468,260	59%	457,183	
Public Works		643,495		500,468	28,673	529,142	82%	285,674	
Municipal Court		400,000		253,114	-	253,114	63%	240,641	
Public Safety:		74.000		- 4.400		=	4000/		
General Services		71,293		71,106	-	71,106		,	
Community Development Police		666,745 5,521,792		384,348 2,899,872	41,898 14,837	426,246 2,914,709			
Public Works & Streets:		5,521,792		2,099,072	14,037	2,914,708	33%	2,020,100	
Public Works		2,262,354		1,267,862	58,034	1,325,896	59%	1,095,886	
Culture & Recreation:									
City Manager's Office		95,430		52,472	-	52,472	55%	49,385	
Parks & Recreation		759,240		421,963	-	421,963			
General Services		484,974		484,974	-	484,974			
Community Development		37,880		22,210	- 0.000	22,210			
Public Works		738,595		460,817	8,896	469,713	64%	362,467	
City Manageria Office		2 402 E00		2 402 500		2 402 500	1000/	2 176 100	
City Manager's Office Economic Development:		2,492,500 244,330		2,492,500 142,743	10,000	2,492,500 152,743			
Health & Welfare:		244,330		142,743	10,000	152,740	0370	104,858	
City Manager's Office		258,330		131,450	27,694	159.144	62%	_	
City Clerk's Office		,		-		,	N/A		-1
General Services		382,870		382,870	-	382,870			
Public Transportation:									
General Services		413,714		165,043	-	165,043	40%	100,906	
Debt Service		1,036,750		692,147	-	692,147			-
ndirect Cost Allocations		653,880		400,330	-	400,330			
Contingencies let Addition to Equipment Replacement Reserve		291,700 (386,950)		-	-		- 0% - 0%		
Total Expenditur	res \$	21,675,712		14,124,534	\$ 289,775	\$ 14,414,309		\$ 12,905,879	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		,,	Ė	, ,		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
ransfers to Capital Improvements Fund	\$	(2,416,627)	\$	(1,308,557)		\$ (1,308,557	') 54%	\$ (1,180,817)	, <
ransfers to Wastewater Fund	·	(3,447,000)		(3,127,028)		(3,127,028			
ransfers to Affordable Housing Fund		(1,100,000)		(733,333)		(733,333	•		
ransfers to Development Impact Fees Funds		(31,786)		-			0%	-	
ransfers to Streets Fund		(190,760)		(127,173)		(127,173		, ,	
Total Other Financing Sources (Use	es) \$	(7,186,173)	\$	(5,296,092)		\$ (5,296,092	2) 74%	\$ (4,215,230)	•
und Balances		44.000 = ::	_	10.100.555		A 10 155 5		A	
Beginning Fund Balance, July 1	\$	11,093,317	\$ 1	12,129,553		\$ 12,129,553	109%	\$ 9,235,819	
Ending Fund Balance, February 29:	_	0.470.00	•	0.470.001		ф 0.4 = 0.5=	40001	.	
Operating Reserve	\$	6,173,831	\$	6,173,831		\$ 6,173,831			
Debt Service Reserve		050 705		6E0 COC		650.000	N/A		-1
Equipment Replacement Reserve		952,725		658,622		658,622			1
Budget Carryovers Reserve Committed for Tourism Management		-		- 11,275		11,275	- N/A 5 ∞	408,510 11,275	-1
Committed for Affordable Housing		-		304,754		304,754		11,275	
Assigned for Uptown Improvements		428,654		959,647		959,647		742,618	
		1,787,859		3,345,639		3,345,639			
Prior Year Surplus to be Appropriated		1,707.000					, 0		
Prior Year Surplus to be Appropriated Unrestricted Fund Balance		1,730,483		600,368		600,368	35%	1,337,399	

Wastewater Enterprise Fund Summary

	FY 2020 Budget		2020 YTD Actuals	Encum- brances	F	Y 2020 YTD Including	% of Budget		2019 YTD Actuals	Actual Variance
	Daaget		-totaui5	Dianecs	En	cumbrances	Daaget		Aotauis	Variation
Revenues										
Charges for Services \$	6,166,183	\$	4,105,231		\$	4,105,231	67%	\$	4,102,798	<1%
Capacity Fees	1,227,000	·	429,852		l .	429,852	35%		310,309	39%
Fines & Forfeitures	65,900		15,751			15,751	24%		38,149	-59%
Other Revenues:	•		•			•			•	
Interest Earnings	321,330		271,913			271,913	85%		239,134	14%
Miscellaneous	32,800		6,774			6,774	21%		6,797	<-1%
Total Revenues \$	7,813,213	\$	4,829,520		\$	4,829,520	62%	\$	4,697,187	3%
Expenditures										
Wastewater Administration:										
Salaries & Benefits \$	171,540	\$	114,955	\$ -	\$	114,955	67%	\$	122,729	-6%
Other Expenditures	44,151	Ψ	39,313	_	Ψ	39,313	89%	Ψ	32,320	22%
Wastewater Operations:	11,101		00,010			00,010	0070		02,020	2270
Salaries & Benefits	1,036,940		581,640	_		581,640	56%		523,566	11%
Utilities	511,000		307,010	_		307,010	60%		339,381	-10%
Maintenance	767,765		282,819	52,754		335,573	44%		275,819	3%
Other Expenditures	1,611,904		623,409	75,552		698,961	43%		120,457	418%
Wastewater Capital Projects:	1,011,004		020,400	70,002		000,001	4070		120,407	41070
Salaries & Benefits	123,130		79,491	_		79,491	65%		63,083	26%
Other Expenditures	2,130		232	_		232	11%		-	∞ ∞
Capital Improvement Projects	4,074,000		1,318,910	3,001,371		4,320,281	106%		267,428	393%
Indirect Cost/Departmental Allocations:	4,074,000		1,510,510	3,001,371		4,320,201	100 /0		207,420	39370
City Manager's Office	57,030		35,390			35,390	62%		34,428	3%
Human Resources	45,710		26,170	-		26,170	57%		24,050	9%
Financial Services	578,100		383,627	16,763		400,390	69%		329,870	16%
Information Technology	218,685		111,790	33,000		144,790	66%		97,450	15%
0 ,	165,590		37,580	33,000		37,580	23%		43,840	-14%
City Attorney's Office City Clerk's Office	5,920			-		3,690	62%		2,151	72%
General Services			3,690	-						
	68,530		32,780	-		32,780	48%		24,818	32% -9%
Public Works	258,680		151,877	-		151,877	59%		166,224	
Debt Service	4,693,025		3,126,349	-		3,126,349	67%		2,958,718	6%
Contingencies	100,000		-	-		-	0%		-	N/A
Net Addition to Equipment Replacement Reserve	(524,000)		-	-		-	0%		-	N/A
Net Addition to Major Maintenance Reserve	(109,350)		-	-	•	-	0%	•	-	N/A
Total Expenditures \$	13,900,480	\$	7,257,032	\$ 3,179,440	\$	10,436,472	75%	Þ	5,426,333	34%
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers from General Fund \$	3,447,000	\$	3,127,028		\$	3,127,028	91%		2,798,946	12%
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$	3,447,000	\$	3,127,028		\$	3,127,028	91%	\$	2,798,946	12%
Fund Balances										
Beginning Fund Balance, July 1 \$	17,599,586	\$ 1	18,293,936		\$	18,293,936	104%	\$	15,977,963	14%
Ending Fund Balance, February 29:										
Operating Reserve \$	1,955,335	\$	1,955,335		\$	1,955,335	100%	\$	1,700,939	15%
Equipment Replacement Reserve	975,641	7	581,959		ľ	581,959	60%	-	581,959	<1%
Major Maintenance Reserve	180,500		16,286			16,286	9%		16,286	<1%
Capital Improvements Reserve	1,748,232		2,681,090			2,681,090	153%		4,000,000	-33%
Budget Carryovers Reserve	1,1 10,202		_,001,000			_,001,000	N/A		340,100	-100%
Unrestricted Fund Balance	10,099,611	1	13,758,783			10,579,343	105%		11,408,479	21%
Total Ending Fund Balance, February 29 \$	14,959,319		18,993,453		\$	15,814,013	106%		18,047,763	5%
Total Elianing Falla Dalance, February 23	17,000,010	Ψ	. 0,000,400		Ψ	10,017,010	100 /0	Ψ	. 0,0 - 1 ,1 00	J /0

All Funds Summary

	Fι	Beginning and Balance, July 1, 2019		Revenues		Budgeted xpenditures	E	Actual xpenditures	Er	ncumbrances		Expenditures Including	% of Budget		Net Interfund Transfers		Ending Fund Balance, bbruary 29, 2020
General Fund	\$	12,129,553	\$	19,345,209	\$	21,675,712	\$	14,124,534	\$	289,775	\$	14,414,309	66%	\$	(5,296,092)	\$	12,054,136
Special Revenue Funds																	
Streets Fund	\$	802,453	\$	883,866	\$	1,206,020	\$	35,220	\$	-	\$	35,220	3%	\$	127,173	\$	1,778,273
Affordable Housing Fund	\$	991,919	\$	20,103	\$	1,520,000	\$	31,925	\$	259,242	\$	291,167	19%	\$	733,333	\$	1,713,430
Grants, Donations & Other Funds	\$	367,141	\$	94,523	\$	1,045,245	\$	46,661	\$	25,000	\$	71,661	7%	\$	-	\$	415,002
Transportation Sales Tax Fund	\$	4,044,079	\$	2,085,651	\$	93,870	\$	29,195	\$	-	\$	29,195	31%	\$	-	\$	6,100,535
Capital Projects Funds																	
Development Impact Fees Funds	\$	3,036,853	\$	202,161	\$	2,303,192	\$	108,947	\$	1,685,563	\$	1,794,510	78%	\$	(27,672)	\$	3,102,394
Capital Improvements Fund	\$	13,612,588	\$	237,326	\$	8,091,956	\$	3,105,093	\$	1,838,142		4,943,235	61%		(, ,	\$	12,053,632
Art in Public Places Fund	\$	127,743	\$	1,997	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	N/A			\$	157,158
Wastewater Enterprise Fund	\$	18,293,936	\$	4,829,520	\$	13,900,480	\$	7,257,032	\$	3,179,440	\$	10,436,472	75%	\$	3,127,028	\$	18,993,453
Information Technology Internal Service Fund	\$	452,312	\$	1,052,917	\$	1,560,255	\$	868,762	\$	63,617	\$	932,379	60%	\$	-	\$	636,467
Total All City Funds	\$	53,858,576	\$	28,753,273	\$	51,396,730	\$	25,607,368	\$	7,340,780	\$	32,948,148	64%	\$	-	\$	57,004,481
Community Facilities Districts																	
Sedona Summit II	\$	350.801	\$	39.769	\$	20.000	\$	4,975	\$	_	\$	4.975	25%	Ф.	_	\$	385,595
Fairfield	\$	155,322		62.464	\$	260.000	\$	160.000	\$		\$	160.000	62%		_	\$	57.786
rainiciu	Φ	133,322	φ	02,404	Φ	200,000	Φ	100,000	φ	-	Ф	100,000	0270	Φ	-	φ	57,760

							Cil	ck to return to	o rai	ble of Conter
Pa	id Pa	arking Pro	gr	am Summ	ary					
		FY 2020	F`	Y 2020 YTD	% of	F`	Y 2019 YTD	Actual	Tot	al FY 2019
		Budget		Actuals	Budget		Actuals	Variance		Actuals
Revenues										
Paid Parking Fees	\$	265,000	\$	326,006	123%	\$	361,769	-10%	\$	586,354
Total Revenue	s \$	265,000	\$	326,006	123%	\$	361,769	-10%	\$	586,354
Program Support Costs										
Financial Services	\$	41,909	\$	26,403	63%	\$	30,144	-12%	\$	48,054
Police		36,615		23,858	65%		24,014	-1%		41,504
Total Program Support Cost	:s \$	78,524	\$	50,260	64%	\$	54,158	-7%	\$	89,558
Net Revenue	s \$	186,476	\$	275,745	148%	\$	307,611	-10%	\$	496,795
Uptown Enhancement Costs										
Christmas Decorations	\$	80,000	\$	81,770	102%	\$	40,000	104%	\$	40,000
Additional Traffic Control Assistant Hours		-		-	N/A		4,142	-100%		8,321
Uptown Lighting Improvements		4,000		2,125	53%		-	∞		62,414
Uptown Walkway Improvements		32,000		-	0%		-	N/A		9,300
Parking Study		60,000		58,330	97%		1,550	3663%		31,332
Land Purchase		480,000		-	0%		-	N/A		-
Total Uptown Enhancement Cost	s \$	656,000	\$	142,225	22%	\$	45,692	211%	\$	151,367
Fund Balances										
Beginning Balance, July 1	\$	428,654	\$	826,127	193%	\$	480,699	72%	\$	480,699
Total Ending Fund Balance, February 2	a ¢	(40,870)	¢	959,647	<1%	¢	742,618	29%	\$	826,127

5,320 \$

3,575 \$

81,614 \$

25,033 \$

\$ 23,108,806 \$ 18,493,421 \$ 41,602,228

- \$

117,319

72,314

432,477

268,553

83,685

111,999 \$

68,740 \$

350,863 \$

243,520 \$

83,685 \$

\$

\$

\$

\$

40,145

				General Fund			Wastewater Fund		Grand Totals
Bond Issue/Lease	Maturity Dates	Interest Rates	Remaining Principal Payments	Remaining Interest Payments	Total	Remaining Principal Payments	Remaining Interest Total Payments	Remaining Principal Payments	Remaining Interest Total Payments
City Excise Tax Revenue Bonds									
Series 2012	7/1/2025-2026	4.5%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,395,000	\$ 2,459,700 \$ 10,854,700	\$ 8,395,000	\$ 2,459,700 \$ 10,854,70
Second Series 2015	7/1/2020-2027	1.94%	\$ 7,550,000	\$ 673,180	\$ 8,223,180	\$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ 7,550,000	\$ 673,180 \$ 8,223,18
Sedona Wastewater Municipal Pro	pperty Corporation I	Excise Tax Reven	ue Bonds						
Series 1998 ⁽¹⁾	7/1/2020-2024	5.20-5.24%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,305,000	\$ 15,245,000 \$ 21,550,000	\$ 6,305,000	\$ 15,245,000 \$ 21,550,00

117,319

432,477

228,408

83,685

9,157,383

72,314

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

- \$

35,014 \$

\$

\$

- \$

5,131 \$

\$ 14,735,014 \$ 17,709,831 \$ 32,444,845

5,320 \$

3,575 \$

81,614 \$

19,901 \$

783,590 \$

- \$

Debt Outstanding

(1) The Series 1998 bonds are comprised of capital appreciation bonds (CABs). CABs offer an investment return on an initial principal amount and are reinvested at a stated compounded rate until maturity. At maturity, the investor
receives a single payment (the "maturity value") representing both the initial principal amount and the total investment return. The next maturity date is not until July 1, 2020.

⁽²⁾ The installment purchase agreement with American Christmas is a 3-year agreement with no stated interest rate.

1/20/2020-12/20/2024 4.11%-6.70% \$

4.75%

5.20%

3.60%

0.00%

\$

\$

\$

111,999 \$

68,740 \$

350,863 \$

208,507 \$

83,685 \$

8,373,793 \$

1/31/2020

10/14/2020

12/20/2020-2030

11/15/2020-2021

Capital Leases
Ford Motor Credit

Ford Motor Credit

American Christmas⁽²⁾

Enterprise Fleet Management

Installment Purchase Agreements

MidState Energy

Grand Totals

	Capital Projects Summary					Click to return to Table								
					Project to Date	% of		FY	% of					
Project Information Technology		Funding Source		Budget	Actuals	Budget	Bu	dget	Actuals	Budget				
Citywide Business Software (IT-01) Municipal Court		Capital Reserves	\$	1,000,000	\$ -	0%	\$ -	100,000	\$ -	0%				
Sinagua Courtroom Remodel (MC-01)	Project Total	Court Restricted Revenues Capital Reserves	\$ \$ \$	247,930 40,870 288,800	\$ 15,716 \$ 13,070 \$ 28,786	6% 32% 10%	\$. ,	\$ - \$ - \$ -	0% N/A 0 %				
Parks & Recreation Evaluation of Posse Grounds Park (PR-02)		Capital Reserves	\$	598,124	\$ 6,813	1%	\$	60,000	\$ 6,813	11%				
Improvements at Ranger Station (PR-03)		CFD - Sedona Summit II	\$	155,214	\$ 90,189	58% 47%	\$	20,000	\$ 4,975 \$ -	25% 0%				
		CFD - Fairfield Development Impact Fees Capital Reserves	\$ \$ \$	361,527 1,008,971 1,156,029	\$ 171,527 \$ - \$ 8,500	0% 1%		104,018	\$ - \$ 8,500	09 339				
	Project Total	Capital Reserves	\$	2,681,741	\$ 270,215	10%			\$ 13,475	5%				
Sunset Park Improvements (PR-04)		Capital Reserves Grant	\$	25,000 20,600	\$ 35,599 \$ 1,198	142% 6%	\$		\$ 28,718 \$ -	100°				
	Project Total	CFD - Fairfield	\$ \$	160,000 205,600	\$ 160,000 \$ 196,797	100% 96%			\$ 160,000 \$ 188,718	1009 100 9				
Shade Structures & Playground Equipment (PR-05) (estimated to resume	in FY2021)	Development Impact Fees	\$	24,490	\$ 24,490	100%	\$		\$ -	N/				
		CFD - Sedona Summit II CFD - Fairfield	\$	50,000 165,000	\$ - \$ -	0%	\$	-	\$ - \$ -	N/ N/				
	Project Total	Capital Reserves	\$ \$	225,000 464,490	\$ - \$ 24,490	0% 5%	\$ \$		\$ - \$ -	N/ N/				
Bike Skills Park (PR-07)		Development Impact Fees Outside Participation	\$	180,341 37,096	\$ 105,010 \$ 37,096	58% 100%	\$		\$ 1,225 \$ -	5º N/				
		Donations Capital Reserves	\$	3,000 242,861		100% 56%	\$	-	\$ - \$ -	N/.				
	Project Total		\$	463,298	\$ 281,007	61%	\$	64,000		29				
Police Radio infrastructure (PD-02)		Capital Reserves	\$	1,020,211	\$ 251,115	25%	\$ -	100,000	\$ 7,176	79				
Police Station Remodel (PD-03)		Capital Reserves Development Impact Fees	\$	2,226,816 263,184	\$ 3,999 \$ 7,986	0% 3%	\$ 2 \$		\$ - \$ 7,986	0° 32°				
	Project Total		\$	2,490,000	\$ 11,985	0%		227,000	\$ 7,986	49				
Shooting Range Improvements (PD-04)		RICO Monies Development Impact Fees	\$ \$	66,388 231,421	\$ 41,388 \$ 152,613	62% 66%	\$ \$		\$ - \$ 57,613	0° 29°				
	Project Total	Capital Reserves	\$ \$	407,385 705,194	\$ 439,031 \$ 633,032	108% 90%	\$ \$ 2		\$ 10,122 \$ 67,735	39°				
Public Works						220/								
Uptown Walkway Improvements (PW-01a) Uptown Lighting Projects (PW-01b)		Paid Parking Revenues Paid Parking Revenues	\$	41,300 66,414		23% 97%	\$	4,000		539				
Sedona in Motion		-						•						
Uptown Roadway Improvements (SIM-01)		Capital Reserves Development Impact Fees	\$	3,666,825 1,155,179	\$ 3,085,009 \$ -	84% 0%	\$ 1,	155,179	\$ 2,279,044 \$ -	72°				
Uptown Parking Improvements (SIM-03a)	Project Total	Capital Reserves	\$	4,822,004 163,463	\$ 3,085,009 \$ 13,463	64% 8%			\$ 2,279,044	53'				
opcown ranking improvements (dispose)	Project Total	Paid Parking Revenues	\$	100,000 263,463	\$ 89,662	90% 39%	\$ 5	540,000	\$ 58,330 \$ 58,330	11'				
Wayfinding Signage (SIM-03b)	Troject rotal	Capital Reserves	\$	450,000		12%	\$	17,014		72				
Pedestrian Crossing at Tlaquepaque (SIM-04c)		Capital Reserves	\$	303,571	\$ 165,527	55% 0%			\$ 105,688 \$ -	36 N				
	Project Total	Transportation Sales Tax	\$	1,947,479 2,251,050	\$ - \$ 165,527	7%	\$ \$ 2	297,099		36				
SR 89A & SR 179 Right Turn Y Roundabout Bypass (SIM-04d)		Capital Reserves Bed Tax Allocation	\$	132,614 270,419	\$ 126,135 \$ 132,946	95% 49%	\$		\$ - \$ -	0 N				
	Project Total	Transportation Sales Tax	\$	793,274 1,196,307	\$ - \$ 259,081	0% 22%	\$	-	\$ - \$ -	N. 0				
Portal Lane to Ranger Road Connection (SIM-05a)		Capital Reserves	\$	439,608	\$ 22,075	5%	\$	40,000	_	7				
	Project Total	Development Impact Fees	\$	313,167 752,775		0% 3%		134,214 174,214	\$ 2,840	0 2				
Forest Road Connection (SIM-05b)		Capital Reserves Development Impact Fees	\$	1,744,486 1,385,450	\$ 47,034 \$ 27,780	3% 2%	\$		\$ - \$ 27,780	0				
	Project Total		\$	3,129,936	\$ 74,813	2%	\$ 6	624,348	\$ 27,780	4				
Enhanced Transit Service (SIM-08)		Capital Reserves Grant	\$	1,150,000 160,000	\$ 160,000	7% 100%	\$		\$ 11,383	6				
		Outside Participation Bed Tax Allocation	\$ \$	10,000	\$ 10,000 \$ 10,000	100% ∞	\$ \$	-	\$ - \$ -	N/				
		Transportation Sales Tax Unidentified	\$	4,480,000 45,500,000	\$ - \$ -	0% 0%	\$	-	\$ - \$ -	N/ N/				
Posse Grounds Parking Improvements & Soldiers Pass Shared Use Path	Project Total	Capital Reserves	\$	51,300,000 668,000		1% 6%	\$ 7	787,907 73,000	\$ 61,411 \$ 38,585	53'				
Schnebly Hill Shared Use Path (SIM-11d)	(Capital Reserves	\$	216,488		2%	\$	12,000		0'				
Navoti Drive to Dry Creek Road Shared Use Path (SIM-11e)		Capital Reserves	\$	155,000		9%	\$	40,545		35				
Chapel Road Shared Use Path (SIM-11h)	CIM 44=)	Capital Reserves	\$	620,000		6% 100%	\$	70,835 150,000		50°				
Thunder Mountain/Sanborn Shared Use Path & Drainage Improvements (S	Siw-11g)	Yavapai County Flood Control Development Impact Fees	\$	150,000 73,000	\$ -	0%	\$	73,000	\$ -	0				
	Droinet T-4	Transportation Sales Tax Capital Reserves	\$ \$	820,000 1,257,000	\$ 21,628	0% 2%		463,935		N/ 19				
Dry Creek Road Shared Use Path (SIM-11i) (estimated to resume in FY20	Project Total	Capital Reserves	\$	2,300,000 39,979	\$ 171,628 \$ 33,818	7% 85%	\$ 1,6	39,661	\$ 171,628 \$ 33,500	10°				
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Project Total	Transportation Sales Tax	\$	1,460,021 1,500,000	\$ -	0% 2%	\$		\$ -	N/ 84'				
STPS Wayfinding Program (SIM-11k)		Capital Reserves	\$	27,900		11%	\$	27,900		111				
Shared Use Path Expert Review (SIM-11L)		Capital Reserves	\$	14,972		61%	\$	14,972		619				
Travel Information System (SIM-12a)		Capital Reserves Development Impact Fees	\$ \$	524,312 54,000	\$ -	19% 0%	\$ \$		\$ -	100° N/				
	Project Total	Transportation Sales Tax	\$	391,188 969,500	\$ -	0% 10%	\$ \$		\$ -	N/. 1009				
Traffic Video Cameras (SIM-12b)		Capital Reserves	\$	77,000		28%	\$	30,000		89				

		0 : 10 :							Cilci	`	return	to Table
		Capital Projects Summa	ary									
	Total Project to			oiect to Date		FY 2020 to Date						
Project		Funding Source		Budget		Actuals	% of Budget		Budget	į,	Actuals	% of Budget
Storm Drainage												
Coffee Pot Drainage Basin - Little Elf Drive Area (SD-02)		Capital Reserves	\$	1,537,000		1,507,031	98%	\$	15,000	\$	4,611	31%
		Yavapai County Flood Control	\$	350,000 23.000	\$	350,000 24,920	100% 108%	\$	-	\$	-	N/A N/A
	Project Total	Development Impact Fees	\$ \$			1,881,950	99%	\$	15,000		4,611	31%
Juniper Hills Area Improvements (SD-07)		Coconino County Flood Control	\$	591,185	\$	595.302	101%	\$		\$		N/A
campor rano raca improveniente (es er)		Development Impact Fees	\$		\$	1,184	∞	\$		\$	1,184	
		Capital Reserves	\$	291,262	\$	231,800	80%	\$	5,000	\$	-	0%
	Project Total		\$	882,447	\$	828,285	94%	\$	5,000	\$	1,184	24%
Storm Drainage Easement Acquisition (SD-09)		Development Impact Fees	\$			47,760	73%	\$	20,000		2,500	13%
		Capital Reserves	\$	105,000			0%	\$	5,000			0%
	Project Total		\$	170,261		47,760	28%	\$	25,000		2,500	10%
Stormwater Master Plan Update & Project Implementations (SD-10)		Coconino County Flood Control	\$	100,000		-	0%	\$		\$	-	N/A
		Yavapai County Flood Control	\$	450,000		46,315	10%	\$	100,000		46,315	46%
Dro	Project Total	Capital Reserves	\$ \$	200,000 750,000		46,315	0% 6%	\$ \$	100,000	\$	46.315	N/A 46%
Support Drive Crossing Prainage Improvements (SD 11)		Yavapai County Flood Control	\$	450,000		67.248	15%	\$	100,000		67.248	67%
Sunset Drive Crossing Drainage Improvements (SD-11)		Transportation Sales Tax	\$	120,000		07,240	0%	\$		\$	07,240	N/A
		Capital Reserves	\$	575.000			0%	\$		\$		0%
	Project Total		\$	1,145,000		67,248	6%	\$	135,000		67,248	50%
Streets & Transportation												
Sanborn Drive/Thunder Mountain Road Overlay (ST-02) (estimated to re-	sume in FY2021)		\$	594,772		171,369	29%	\$		\$	-	N/A
		Grant	\$	353,454		-	0%	\$		\$	-	N/A
	Project Total		\$	948,226		171,369	18%	\$		\$	-	N/A
Shelby Drive/Sunset Drive Improvements (ST-04)		Grant	\$	500,000			0%	\$		\$	-	N/A
	Project Total	Capital Reserves	\$ \$	750,000 1,250,000		91,093 91,093	12% 7%	\$ \$	187,995 187,995		91,093 91,093	48% 48%
Wastewater			_	.,200,000	Ť			Ť	,	Ť		
Lift Station Replacements (WW-01A)		Wastewater Fees	\$	2,834,806	\$	1,102,953	39%	\$	1,878,791	\$	466.520	25%
SR179 Sewer Main Replacement (WW-01B)		Wastewater Fees	\$	690.000	s	116.658	17%	\$	180.880	\$	116.658	64%
Brewer Road Force Main Valve Replacements (WW-01C) (expected to r.	nove forward in E		\$	190,000		110,000	0%	\$,	\$		N/A
	nove lorward in r					-						
WWRP Tertiary Filter Upgrades (WW-02)		Wastewater Fees	\$	2,005,983		1,410,448	70%	\$	1,144,723		605,563	53%
Remodel or Expand WWRP Administrative Building (WW-03)		Wastewater Fees	\$	371,198	\$	387,726	104%	\$	130,346	\$	130,169	100%
SCADA System & Configuarion Upgrade (WW-03) (expected to move for	rward in FY2020)	Wastewater Fees	\$	310,000	\$	-	0%	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
WWRP Odor Control (WW-05) (estimated to resume in FY2023)		Wastewater Fees	\$	24,660	\$	24,660	100%	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
WWRP Recharge Wells (WW-06) (estimated to resume in FY2023)		Wastewater Fees	\$	11,153,258	\$	5,477,698	49%	\$	-	\$	-	N/A
WWRP Grit Classifier Replacement (WW-12) (expected to move forward	l in FY2020)	Wastewater Fees	\$	150,000	\$	-	0%	\$	124,415	\$	-	0%
Estimated Carryover - Unspecified Projects (WW-99)		Wastewater Fees	\$	-	\$	-	N/A	\$	614,844	\$	-	0%
Grand Totals			\$	111,044,391	\$	17,881,975	16%	\$	14,978,453	\$	4,687,164	31%

Investment Holdings Summary Fair Market Accrued Maturity Duration as of Value as of nterest Not CUSIP Issuer Yield Par Value **Book Value** Date Coupon Rates February 29 Gain/Loss Gain/Loss* Pool 2020 (In Years) 2020 U.S. Government Agency Securities 3133EGRN7 Federal Farm Credit Bank 9/8/2017 2/17/2021 3.4 1.0 1.470% 1.570% 1.010% \$ 1,000,000 \$ 996,659 \$ 1,000,008 \$ 3,349 483 1.82% \$ \$ 3134GBP89 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 10/26/2017 4/26/2021 3.5 1.2 1.850% 1.850% 1.100% \$ 2.000.000 \$ 2,000,000 \$ 2,014,066 \$ - \$ 14,066 \$ 12,773 3.65% 1.790% \$ \$ 3133ELGM0 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1/15/2020 10/8/2021 1.7 1.6 1.600% 1.500% 2,000,000 \$ 2,033,416 2,013,540 \$ - \$ (19,876) \$ 3,945 3.71% 4.241 1/15/2020 10/13/2022 2.7 26 1.720% 1.660% 1.790% \$ 2.000.000 2.003.224 \$ 2.004.180 \$ 3.66% 3134GUR93 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation \$ - \$ 956 \$ 4.438 3134GUS43 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1/15/2020 7/13/2023 3.5 3.4 1.800% 1.810% 1.790% \$ 2.000.000 1,999,500 \$ 2.003.368 - \$ 3.868 \$ 3.65% 3133ELHZ0 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1/17/2020 7/17/2023 3.5 3.4 1.600% 1.540% 1.790% \$ 2,000,000 2,004,072 \$ 2,031,500 \$ - \$ 27,428 \$ 3,770 3.66% 3133EKWZ5 Federal Farm Credit Bank 7/31/2019 7/24/2023 4.0 3.4 2.200% 2.145% 2.430% \$ 2,000,000 2,004,174 \$ 2,007,484 \$ - \$ 3.310 \$ 4,340 3.66% 2/27/2020 3.7 186 3134GVDC9 11/20/2023 37 1.700% 1 630% 1 770% \$ 2.000.000 2.005.062 \$ 2 001 684 \$ - \$ (3.378) \$ 3 66% Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 3134GUZ78 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 1/22/2020 1/22/2024 4 0 39 1.800% 1.730% 1.790% \$ 2.000.000 2.005.388 \$ 2.007.352 \$ - \$ 1.964 \$ 3.748 3 66% 3134GTR96 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation 5.0 4.4 2.300% 2.430% - \$ 3.559 3.66% 7/31/2019 7/30/2024 2.240% \$ 2.000.000 \$ 2,005,646 \$ 2.007.550 \$ 1.904 \$ Subtotals \$ 19,000,000 \$ 19.057.141 \$ 19.090.732 \$ - \$ 33.591 \$ 41.484 34.77% Negotiable Certificates of Deposit 20033AVN3 Comenity Capital Bank 8/9/2017 8/10/2020 3.0 0.4 1.950% 1.950% 0.930% \$ 247.000 \$ 247,000 \$ 247,846 \$ - \$ 846 251 0.45% \$ 38148PMJ3 Goldman Sachs Bank USA 244 8/9/2017 8/10/2020 3.0 0.4 1.900% 1.900% 0.930% \$ 247,000 \$ 247,000 \$ 247,787 \$ - \$ 787 \$ 0.45% 1.010% 02587CGG9 American Express FSB 9/12/2017 9/14/2020 3.0 0.5 1.950% 1.950% \$ 247,000 \$ 247,000 \$ 248,040 \$ - \$ 1,040 \$ 2,217 0.45% 319141HQ3 First Bank of Highland Park 9/14/2017 9/14/2020 3.0 0.5 1.800% 1 800% 1.010% \$ 247.000 \$ 247.000 \$ 247.837 \$ - \$ 837 \$ 2 046 0.45% 14042RJH5 Capital One, NA 10/12/2017 10/13/2020 3.0 0.6 2.000% 2.000% 1.100% \$ 247.000 \$ 247,000 \$ 248.260 \$ - \$ 1.260 \$ 1.881 0.45% 2,142 20786ABY0 ConnectOne Bank 12/28/2017 12/28/2020 3.0 0.8 2.200% 2.200% 1.090% \$ 247,000 \$ 247,000 \$ 249,142 \$ - \$ \$ 15 0.45% 1404204E7 Capital One Bank USA NA 8/9/2017 8/9/2021 4.0 1.4 2.100% 2.100% 0.930% \$ 247,000 247,000 247,000 \$ - \$ 284 0.45% \$ \$ - \$ 254673AF3 Discover Bank 8/9/2017 8/9/2021 4.0 1.4 2.100% 2.100% 0.930% \$ 247.000 247.000 \$ 247.000 \$ - \$ - \$ 284 0.45% 05580AKJ2 BMW Bank North America 9/15/2017 9/15/2021 4.0 1.5 2.100% 2.100% 1.010% \$ 247,000 247,000 \$ 247,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,373 0.45% 88413QBR8 Third Federal Savings & Loan 9/15/2017 9/15/2021 4.0 1.5 2.000% 2.000% 1.010% \$ 247,000 247,000 \$ 247,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,260 0.45% 29266N6P7 EnerBank USA 10/13/2017 10/13/2021 4 0 1.6 2.000% 2 000% 1.100% 247 000 247,000 \$ 247 000 \$ \$ - \$ 217 0.45% 02587DV47 American Express Centurion 8/8/2017 8/8/2022 5.0 24 2.350% 2.350% 0.930% 247 000 247,000 \$ 247 000 - \$ - \$ 334 0.45% Sallie Mae Bank 8/9/2017 8/9/2022 5.0 2.4 2.350% 2.350% 0.930% 247,000 247,000 318 0.45% 795450C37 247.000 \$ - \$ 87164XSH0 Synchrony Bank 10/6/2017 10/6/2022 5.0 2.6 2.250% 2.250% 1.100% 247,000 247,000 2,223 \$ 247.000 \$ \$ - \$ 0.45% 06740KLD7 Barclays Bank 10/18/2017 10/18/2022 5.0 2.6 2.300% 2.300% 1.100% \$ 247,000 247,000 \$ 247,000 \$ \$ - \$ 2,086 0.45% 32056GCV0 First Internet Bank of Indiana 12/28/2017 12/28/2022 5.0 2.8 2.400% 2.400% 1.090% \$ 247.000 247.000 \$ 247.000 \$ \$ 16 0.45% \$ 44329MA45 **HSBC Bank USA** 8/13/2019 8/13/2024 5.0 4.5 2.300% 2.300% 2.300% \$ 247,000 \$ 247,000 \$ 247,000 \$ -\$ \$ 249 0.45% Subtotals \$ 4,199,000 \$ 4,199,000 \$ 4,205,913 \$ - \$ 6,913 \$ 17,299 7.66% AZ State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) N/A Pool 5 N/A N/A N/A 0.0 N/A 1.710% N/A \$ 20,531,968 20,531,968 \$ 20,531,968 \$ - \$ 37.46% - \$ N/A Pool 7 N/A N/A 0.0 N/A 1.550% N/A - \$ - \$ 0.06% N/A \$ 34,923 \$ 34,923 \$ 34,923 \$ N/A Pool 500 N/A N/A N/A 0.0 N/A 2.180% N/A 9,260,965 \$ 9,260,965 \$ 9,260,965 \$ - \$ - \$ 16.90% Subtotals \$ 29,827,856 \$ 29,827,856 \$ 29,827,856 \$ - \$ - \$ 54.42% Government Money Market Fund Wells Fargo Sweep Account N/A N/A N/A 0.0 N/A 1.454% N/A \$ 1,454,490 \$ 1.454.490 \$ 1.454.490 \$ - \$ 2.65% - \$ Bank Deposits N/A Analyzed Checking Accounts N/A N/A N/A 0.0 N/A 0.400% N/A \$ 42,143 \$ 42,143 \$ 42,143 \$ - \$ - \$ 0.08% N/A Interest-Bearing Checking Accounts N/A N/A N/A 0.0 N/A 0.300% N/A \$ 268,283 \$ 268,283 \$ 268,283 \$ - \$ - \$ 0.49% 310,426 \$ 0.57% Subtotals \$ 310,426 \$ 310,426 \$ - \$ - \$

Benchmark per Policy (LGIP Pool 5) 1.710%

1.2

1.831%

\$ 54,749,629 \$

54,806,770 \$ 54,847,273 \$

- \$

40,504 \$

58,783

Averages/Grand Totals

100.00%

^{*} Unrealized gains and losses would only be realized if the City chose to sell its investments prior to maturity and are based on the fair market value as reported by the City's safekeeping agent. The City plans to hold investments until maturity unless there is a compelling reason to sell.

Investment Transactions Summary

CUSIP	CUSIP Issuer Transaction Type			
Acquisitions				
3134GVDC9	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Purchase	\$	2,005,723
N/A	LGIP Pool 5	Purchase	\$	1,000,000
N/A	Interest-Bearing Checking Accounts	Net Contribution	\$	1,640
		Subtotal	\$	3,007,363
Dispositions				
3130AC2B9	Federal Home Loan Bank	Early Call	\$	2,000,000
N/A	Wells Fargo Sweep Account	Net Withdrawal	\$	765,472
N/A	Analyzed Checking Accounts	Net Withdrawal	\$	7,160
		Subtotal	\$	2,772,632
Earnings				
20033AVN3	Comenity Capital Bank	Monthly Interest	\$	409
29266N6P7	EnerBank USA	Monthly Interest	\$	420
32056GCV0	First Internet Bank of Indiana	Monthly Interest	\$	503
20786ABY0	ConnectOne Bank	Monthly Interest		462
02587DV47	American Express Centurion	Semi-annual interest	\$	2,926
1404204E7	Capital One Bank USA NA	Semi-annual interest		2,615
795450C37	Sallie Mae Bank	Semi-annual interest	\$	2,926
38148PMJ3	Goldman Sachs Bank USA	Semi-annual interest	\$	2,366
254673AF3	Discover Bank	Semi-annual interest	\$	2,615
44329MA45	HSBC Bank USA	Semi-annual interest	\$	2,864
3133EGRN7	Federal Farm Credit Bank	Semi-annual interest	\$	7,350
3130AC2B9	Federal Home Loan Bank	Semi-annual interest	\$	17,500
N/A	LGIP Pool 5	Monthly Gain/Loss	\$	26.966
N/A	LGIP Pool 7	Monthly Gain/Loss	\$	43
N/A	LGIP Pool 500	Monthly Gain/Loss	\$	50,560
N/A	Wells Fargo Sweep Account	Monthly Dividends	\$	2.517
N/A	Interest-Bearing Checking Accounts	Monthly Interest	\$	-,- 6
,, .	gg	Subtotal	\$	123,047
Expenses				
N/A	N/A	Custody Charges	\$	137
N/A	N/A	Wire Fees	\$	139
		Subtotal	\$	276
Not Transaction	s for February 2020		\$	357,502