City of Sedona, AZ



2021 Sewer Capacity Fee Study





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Section 1 – Executive Summary

Willdan Financial Services and Pat Walker Consulting LLC ("the Willdan Team") was retained by the City of Sedona, Arizona ("City") to conduct a Capacity Fee Study ("Capacity Fee Study") for the City's Sewer utilities ("Utility"). This report details the results of the capacity fee analysis.

1.1 Goals and Objectives

The primary goal of the Capacity Fee Study was to develop cost-based capacity fees that reflect the cost of providing sewer capacity to new development and will allow the City to meet its ongoing costs (capital), to provide the infrastructure necessary to allow new development to occur.

1.2 Findings and Recommendations

The capacity fees identified in Table 1-1 represent the cost to the City to provide infrastructure to new development connecting to the City's sewer system. It is recommended that the City implement the identified fees and that the fees be updated annually based on a cost escalation factor such as the Engineering News Record Construction Cost Index (ENR CCI). Additionally, as significant changes occur (either new development or system capacity) we recommend a more in depth analysis be undertaken to update the City's capacity fees.

Table 1-1 Proposed Capacity Fees	
WSFU Range	Capacity Fee
0-8	\$4,088
8.1 - 17	10,461
17.1 – 29	18,565
29.1 – 42	27,835
42.1 – 55	37,326
> 55 (per WSFU)	730.01

1.3 Organization of this Report

This Capacity Fee Study presents an overview of the analysis concepts employed in the development of the fees contained herein. The analysis is followed by a discussion of the data, assumptions and results associated with each component of the analysis. Finally, an appendix with detailed schedules are presented for further investigation into the data, assumptions and calculations which drive the results presented in this Capacity Fee Study. The report is organized as follows:

Section 1 – Executive Summary



- Section 2 Overview of Capacity Fees
- Section 3 Development of Capacity Fees
- Appendix A Capacity Fee Analysis

1.4 Reliance on Data

During this project the City (and/or its representatives) provided the Willdan Team with a variety of technical information, including capital cost data. This data was used by the Willdan Team in the process of developing the capacity fees. The Willdan Team did not independently assess or test for the accuracy of such data historic or projected but worked with City staff to better understand the data and believe it to be the best available information at the time of the study.

1.5 Acknowledgements

We wish to extend our appreciation to the City and its staff for their cooperation during the progress of this study. In particular, we would like to thank Ms. Cherie Wright, Finance Director and Ms. Roxanne Holland, PE, Wastewater Manager.



Section 2 – Overview of Capacity Fees

2.1 Introduction

Sewer capacity fees are one-time charges that reflect the demands and costs created by new development for additional sewer capacity. More specifically a capacity fee is defined as:

Capacity fees reflect the demands and costs created by new development for additional water and wastewater capacity. Generally, capacity fees are required to demonstrate a reasonable connection between the amount of the fee and the cost to serve new development. Arizona law requires that "any proposed water or wastewater rate or rate component; fee or service charge adjustment or increase shall be just and reasonable".

The infrastructure included in capacity fees are large, system level components and do not include on-site or site-specific improvements. Components of sewer system capacity can include treatment facilities, interceptors, and collection lines.

The proposed sewer capacity fees have been developed in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS) §9-511.01.

As previously mentioned, capacity fees are required to demonstrate a reasonable connection or rational nexus between the amount of the fee and the cost to serve new development (i.e. new development's proportionate share of infrastructure capacity costs). The additional capacity required for new growth can be the repayment of "buying into" existing capacity or the completion of utility projects to provide additional capacity. This report documents the assumptions, methodologies, and calculations upon which the capacity fees are based. As documented in this report, the capacity fees are just and reasonable and represent new development's proportionate share of costs for growth related sewer projects from which it will directly benefit.

The infrastructure included in the proposed capacity fees are large, system level components and do not include on-site or site specific improvements.

2.2 Calculation Methodologies

There are three basic methodologies used to calculate the various components of the City's capacity fees. The methodologies are used to determine the best measure of demand created by new development for each component of the capacity fees. The methodologies can be classified as looking at the past, present and future capacities of infrastructure. The three basic methodologies are described below:

The **buy-in** methodology, is used where infrastructure has been built in advance of new development and excess capacity is available for new development. Under this methodology, new development repays the community for previous capacity investments via the capacity fee. The funds are then available for future expansion of the system.

The **incremental** methodology uses the City's capital improvement plan (CIP) and related master plans to determine new developments share of planned projects. Projects that do not add capacity, such as routine



maintenance or replacement of existing facilities, are not included in the fees. Projects that add capacity are further evaluated as to the percentage of the project attributable to existing development versus new development. Only the incremental projects attributable to new development is included in the capacity fees.

The third approach is a **hybrid** methodology. The hybrid approach is used in situations where there is available capacity in the existing system, but there are also future improvements that require additional upgrades or expansion. For example, a sewer treatment plant has available capacity to serve new development, but the plant needs to be upgraded to meet new treatment regulations.

The sewer capacity fees were calculated using the buy-in method. Figure 1-1 summarizes the capacity fee calculation process.

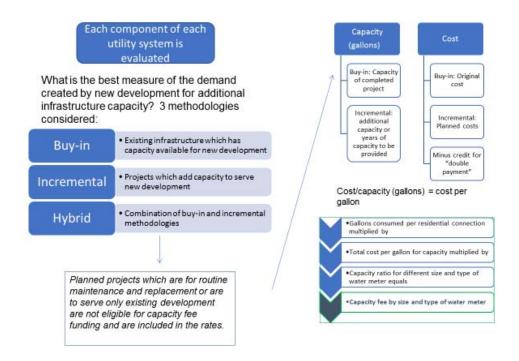


Figure 1-1 Capacity Fee Calculation Process



Section 3 – Development of Capacity Fees

3.1 System Valuation

The current value of the City's sewer system assets was brought to today's dollars using the Engineering News Record (ENR) Construction Cost Index (CCI). Using this index attempts to value the City's assets at what it would cost to purchase or construct those assets today. It is important to recognize, however, that these assets are not new and are not being purchased today, but rather have been depreciated over time. Therefore, the accumulated depreciation is subtracted from the calculated current day value of the assets to determine what is referred to as the Replacement Cost New Less Depreciation (RCNLD) fixed asset value. The RCNLD fixed asset value for the City's sewer assets was calculated at \$171,314,754. There is currently outstanding debt that was used to purchase or construct the fixed assets of the sewer system and the debt will be repaid through monthly sewer rates. To prevent new development from paying for the assets twice (once through the capacity fee and then again through rates which pay debt service), the outstanding debt principle of \$13,300,000 is subtracted from the system value to determine a new system value for the basis of calculating capacity fees. The adjusted system value is calculated at \$158,014,754. A full list of the City's fixed assets can be found in Appendix A, while table 3-1 provides a summary of all components of the sewer system valuation.

Table 3-1 Replacement Cost New Less Depreciation Value of Fixed Assets						
Description	Value					
Land	\$11,209,526					
Sewer Infrastructure	149,129,961					
Buildings	10,225,055					
Vehicles and Equipment	<u>750,211</u>					
Subtotal	171,314,754					
Less: Debt Service Principle	(13,300,00)					
Total	\$158,014,754					

3.2 Cost Summary

Table 3-2 summarizes the demand factors based on actual sewer flows for the City of Sedona and the cost per equivalent dwelling unit (EDU) for additional sewer capacity to identify the additional capital cost per EDU of capacity. The cost is further subdivided to a cost per Water Supply Fixture Unit (WSFU) to serve future development.



Table 3-2 Sewer Capacity Fee Calculation		
Description	Units	Value/Fee
System Value (a)		\$158,014,754
System Capacity (b)	1,600,000	
Gallons of Demand per EDU (c)	167.79	
Incremental EDUs to be Served (b / c = d)		<u>9,536</u>
Fee per EDU (a / d = e)		\$16,571
Average Supply Fixture Units per EDU (f)		22.7
Capacity Fee per WSFU (e / f)		\$730.01

3.3 Calculated Capacity Fees

Through discussions with City staff, specifically the Chief Building Official, the proposed approach to assessing capacity fees for single family residential developments are based on a range of supply fixture units associated with the size of the dwelling unit. The smaller the home the fewer the WSFUs and the lower the fee. The intent of the proposed approach is to provide a matching between the demand placed on the sewer system and the cost associated with the capacity required for the development. The proposed fees are based on the ranges of single family residential developments currently experienced by the City, but would apply to all new development. In other words, a new development will pay the same capacity fee for the same number of WSFUs regardless of the type of development (residential or non-residential). Table 3-3 summarizes the proposed ranges and associated capacity fees.

Table 3-3 Proposed Capacity Fees	
WSFU Range	Capacity Fee
0-8	\$4,088
8.1 - 17	10,461
17.1 – 29	18,565
29.1 – 42	27,835
42.1 – 55	37,326
> 55 (per WSFU)	730.01

The fees presented in Table 3-3 represent the maximum supportable capacity fees for FY 2021-22 and should be escalated annually using the ENR CCI or similar inflationary index to reflect the increased cost of capital materials.



The full sewer capacity fee analysis can be found in Appendix A.

3.4 Capacity Fees Cashflows

Based on the fees identified in Section 3.3, capacity fee revenue for FY 2021-22 through FY 2028-29 is projected at \$6.50 million. Expansion capital related improvements during the same period are projected at \$6.04 million. The capacity fee cashflow can be found in Appendix A.

APPENDIX A

Capacity Fee Analysis

Sedona Sewer Capacity Fee Model Capacity Fee Calculation - Summary

Fee per WSFU \$730.01

WSFU Range	Capacity Fee
0 - 8	\$4,088
8.1 - 17	10,461
17.1 - 29	18,565
29.1 - 42	27,835
42.1 - 55	37,326
> 55 (per WSFU)	\$730.01

								Replacement Cost
		37.1		. 1.1	Original Cost	CCLL G .:	D 1	New Less
Asset No.	Fixed Asset	Valuation Date	Original Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Less Depreciation	CCI Inflation Factor	Replacement Cost New (RCN)	Depreciation (RCNLD)
							()	(*********)
	Land							
201859001	2 WW Driveway Project	2018	\$36,755	\$1,472	\$35,283	1.04	\$36,755	\$35,283
	5 LAND-WASTE TRTMT PLNT SED DELL	1992	1,917,849	0	1,917,849	2.33		1,917,849
50720	WW El Camino Fence	2020 1991	14,945	114 0	14,831	1.00 2.40	, ,	14,831
	6 SWR EASEMENTS FOR 90-91 3 SWR ESMTS 91-92 FISCAL YR PURC	1991	670 16,047	0	670 16,047	2.40		670 16,047
	1 BREWER RD PUMP STATION LOT 1	1993	113,173	0	113,173	2.23		113,173
	2 CARROLL CYN PUMPING STATION	1991	70,717	0	70,717	2.40	,	70,717
	5 SEWER EASEMENTS FOR 92-93	1993 1992	33,316 70,000	0	33,316 70,000	2.23 2.33	33,316 70,000	33,316 70,000
	6 EL CAMINO PUMP STATION 7 SEDONA DELLS PROP. CRT SETTLEM	1992	2,940,792	0	2,940,792	2.33		2,940,792
	5 VARIOUS LAND COST	1993	25,580	0	25,580	2.23	25,580	25,580
	8 EASEMENT-OAKCREEK MOBILODGE	1993	70,607	0	70,607	2.23	70,607	70,607
	0 PHILLIPPI LIFT STATIONS	1993 1993	27,192	0	27,192	2.23 2.23	27,192	27,192
	1 SHELBY TREATMENT PLANT 6 SEWER EASEMENTS FOR 93-94	1993	340,669 2,616	0	340,669 2,616	2.23		340,669 2,616
	9 SEWER EASEMENTS FOR 94-95	1995	5,900	0	5,900	2.13		5,900
	9 SEWER EASEMENTS FOR 95-96	1996	5,035	0	5,035	2.07	.,	5,035
	7 SEWER EASEMENTS 96-97	1997 1998	56,190	0	56,190 125,188	2.00 1.96		56,190 125,188
	0 SWR - FY97-98 EASEMENTS 7 EASEMENTS 98/99	1998	125,188 143,769	0	143,769	1.90		143,769
	0 EASEMENTS 99/00	2000	13,222	0	13,222	1.87		13,222
	7 SEWER EASEMENTS 2000-01	2001	7,020	0	7,020	1.83		7,020
	6 SEWER EASEMENTS - FY 01-02	2002	15,508	0	15,508	1.78 1.78		15,508
	9 AREA 4 US FOREST 265 ACRES 3 SEWER EASEMENTS - FY 02-03	2002 2003	5,008,432 9,179	0	5,008,432 9,179	1.78		5,008,432 9,179
	7 SEWER EASEMENTS FY03-04	2004	121,530	0	121,530	1.63		121,530
59821	0 SEWER EASEMENTS FY04-05	2005	11,655	0	11,655	1.56	,	11,655
	0 SEWER EASEMENTS FY 2005-06	2005 2007	5,413	0	5,413	1.56 1.46		5,413
39822	8 SEWER EASDEMENTS FY 06/07	2007	2,146	0	2,146	1.46	2,146	2,146
	Sewer Infrastructure	_						
	5 Wastewater Fence 1 PLANT BUILDINGS 1991-1994	2015 1994	53,505 5,793,968	14,161 3,012,816	39,344 2,781,152	1.16 2.15		47,843 2,781,152
	4 PLANT IMPROVEMENTS 95-96	1994	3,871,039	1,858,492	2,012,547	2.13		2,761,132
	5 PLANT IMPROVEMENTS 97-98	1998	545,126	239,911	305,215	1.96	545,126	305,215
201659003	Gate Valve at Carroll Canyon Lift Station	2016	53,835	11,689	42,145	1.10	,	47,753
201659004 201659005	WWTP Effluent Mgt Optimization WWTP Filter System Upgrades (Bar Screen)	2015 2016	168,382 22,657	42,096 4,535	126,286 18,122	1.16 1.10		153,036 20,483
201659005	WWTP Filter System Opgrades (Bar Screen) WWTP Filter System Upgrades (Centrifuge)	2016	139,450	27,910	111,540	1.10	. ,	126,067
201659007	WWTP Newcastle LIft Station Upgrade	2015	65,740	16,435	49,305	1.16		59,749
201659008	WWTP Bear Wallow Lift Station Electr. Improvements	2016	72,623	14,833	57,789	1.10		65,355
2017590004	WW Treatment Plant A+ Upgrade	2016 2018	5,583,398	1,052,916	4,530,481	1.10 1.04		5,112,131 22,484
	6 Force Main Condition Assessment - Sewer Line 0 Injection Wells 1 & 2 and Point of Compliance Well	2018	22,500 5,940,750	905 594,900	21,595 5,345,850	1.04	23,389 6,175,491	5,580,591
	1 WWTP Bar Screens	2018	704,084	70,506	633,578	1.04	731,905	661,399
	5 Wetlands Improvements	2012	143,116	57,268	85,849	1.25		121,520
	6 Sedona Dells Wetland Improvements	2012 1996	2,613,861	1,045,930	1,567,931	1.25 2.07	-,,	2,219,430
	3 WW PLANT IMPROVEMENTS 4 WASTEWATER LINES	1996	4,184,850 12,746,244	2,009,153 6,883,489	2,175,697 5,862,755	2.07	8,658,619 28,447,855	6,649,466 21,564,366
	5 WW LINE ADDITIONS	1994	634,356	329,891	304,465	2.15		1,034,068
	4 WASTEWATER LINES (B)	1993	12,746,244	6,883,489	5,862,755	2.23	28,447,855	21,564,366
	8 WW PLANT AND PROJECTS 95-96	1996	174,268	83,667	90,602	2.07	,	276,902
	3 WW PROJECTS FY97-98 9 WASTEWATER PROJECTS FY 98-99	1998 1999	4,283,645 5,598,469	1,885,242 2,351,932	2,398,403 3,246,537	1.96 1.92		6,528,648 8,392,251
	2 WASTEWATER PROJECT 99/00	2000	8,947,469	3,579,908	5,367,561	1.92		13,144,280
	1 WW PROJECTS 2000-2001	2001	920,578	349,915	570,663	1.83		1,337,956
	0 WW LINES FY 2002 (ADDITIONS)	2002	4,514,833	1,625,808	2,889,025	1.78		6,403,938
	6 WW LINES FY 2003 (ADDITIONS)	2003	2,705,787	920,249	1,785,538	1.74		3,779,213
	2 WW LINES FY 2004 (ADDITIONS) 3 WW LINES (ADDITIONS) FY04-05	2004 2005	1,825,889	584,475 1,160,547	1,241,415 2,706,598	1.63 1.56		2,399,565 4,878,557
	2 WW Lines (Additions) FY 05-06	2005	3,867,146 4,248,357	1,160,547	3,058,372	1.56		5,183,373
	3 WW Lines (Additions) FY 06/07	2007	6,766,923	1,760,110	5,006,813	1.46		8,116,353
59824	2 WW Lines (Additions) FY 07/08	2008	4,734,430	1,136,761	3,597,669	1.40	6,624,783	5,488,022
	1 WW EFFLUENT FY 08/09	2008	48,366	11,608	36,758	1.40		56,069
	3 WW LINES FY 08/09 6 WW EFFLUENT FY 09/10	2008 2009	6,501,201 150,067	1,560,288 33,013	4,940,913 117,054	1.40 1.36		7,536,699 170,602
37023	0 11 11 ECENT FT 07/10	2009	130,007	33,013	117,034	1.30	203,013	170,002

								Replacement Cost
					Original Cost			New Less
		Valuation		Accumulated	Less		Replacement Cost	Depreciation
Asset No.	Fixed Asset	Date	Original Cost	Depreciation	Depreciation	Factor	New (RCN)	(RCNLD)
	WW LINES FY 09/10 WW LINES FY 10/11	2009 2011	3,862,051 836,273	849,651 167,292	3,012,400 668,981	1.36 1.28		4,390,480 904,834
	WW EFFLUENT FY 10/11	2011	396,377	79,293	317,084	1.28		428,874
	Effuent Injection Well Pumping	2011	201,354	34,556	166,798	1.28		223,585
598280	Air/Solar Drying Bed Improve.	2011	166,873	28,409	138,464	1.28		185,527
	Manhole Replacement - WWRP Interceptor	2019	77,452	1,715	75,738	1.02		77,419
	Mystic Hills/Chapel Lift Station	2020	2,483,598	0	2,483,598	1.00		2,484,025
	Tertiary Filters WW Admin Bldg Remodel/Expansion	2020 2019	1,660,481 387,726	0 12,662	1,660,481 375,064	1.00 1.02		1,660,766 383,479
	WW Grit Classifier Replacement	2019	124,415	12,002	124,415	1.02		124,436
	Park Place Sewer Line 435 ft	2020	77,430	0	77,430	1.00		77,443
	Reduction for Replaced Assets	2019	(5,532,288)	0	(5,532,288)	1.02		(5,652,355)
	Buildings							
2018590003	WWP Operator Building Remodel	2018	30,609	2,469	28,140	1.04	31,818	29,350
2018590004	Steel Plates for Dumpster Travel Way	2018	34,755	2,902	31,852	1.04	36,128	33,226
	WW Roof Replacement - El Camino	2018	10,185	875	9,310	1.04		9,712
	WW Roof Replacement - Carol Canyon	2018	17,825	1,532	16,293	1.04		16,998
	TREATMENT PLANT UPGRADE 2001	2001	3,328,560	1,265,196	2,063,363	1.83		4,837,688
598082	10000 GAL WATER TANK AND EQUIP	2002 2018	17,220	12,240 550	4,980 5,463	1.78 1.04		18,386 5,701
508250	WW Headworks Rebuild (Bar Screens) WW PLANT UPGRADE FY 08/09	2018	6,014 200,655	96,315	104,341	1.40		184,458
	WW PUMP STATION IMP. 08/09	2008	1,604,277	770,053	834,224	1.40		1,474,777
	WW PLANT UPGRADE FY09/10	2009	349,910	153,948	195,961	1.36		320,818
	WW PUMP STATION IMP 09/10	2009	1,846,760	812,574	1,034,186	1.36		1,693,158
598265	WW PLANT UPGRADE FY10/11	2011	961,139	384,521	576,617	1.28	1,232,207	847,686
598268	WW PUMP STATION IMP 10/11	2011	853,891	341,615	512,276	1.28	1,094,713	753,098
	Equipment and Vehicles	_						
	3 Phase Generator for Chapel Pump Station	2013	21,605	21,605	0	1.22		0
201359002	Fairbanks Morse Pump	2012	8,300	8,300	0	1.25		0
	Fairbanks Morse Pump - Poco#1	2020 2020	7,706	619	7,087	1.00 1.00		7,087 7,329
	Fairbanks Morse Pump - Poco#2 Fairbanks Morse Pump Mystic	2020	7,891 7,611	562 525	7,329 7,086	1.00		7,086
201359003	Flygt Pump/Vendor JCH	2013	12,893	10,767	2,126	1.22		2,126
	K2 Iggy System	2013	48,092	48,092	0	1.22		0
	Landia Mixer	2014	18,666	18,666	0	1.19		0
	60 REOZJD Kohler Generator for Uptown Pump Station	2014	26,304	26,304	0	1.19		0
	WW Alarm/Back O Beyond Replacement Pump Stations	2014	352,317	352,317	0	1.19		0
	6' X 10' Cargo Trailer	2013	6,299	6,299	0	1.22		0
	FLYGT Model NP 3102 Pump IND Pump 6" DV150-3SA 4045D SK w/Trailer	2015 2015	7,579 28,005	6,319 23,350	1,260 4,654	1.16 1.16		1,260 4,654
	2015 Ford Super-Duty F-25 4WD Reg Cab	2015	35,000	35,000	4,054	1.16		4,034
	EZGO RXV 2010 Golf Cart	2015	5,265	5,265	0	1.16		0
201659001	WIMS LABCAL Software with SCADA Interfaces	2016	9,726	8,357	1,369	1.10		1,369
201659002	OmniSite Alarm System	2016	9,761	6,543	3,218	1.10	9,761	3,218
2017590001	2015 GMC SIERRA K2500 EXT CAB	2016	35,000	34,234	766	1.10		766
2017590002	2016 FORD F250	2016	32,031	31,431	601	1.10		601
2017590003	2007 FORD F750 2000GALLON WATER TRUCK	2016	35,904	20,798	15,106	1.10		15,106
	2017 Ford Escape - Wastewater Caterpillar C18 PGAM 600KW Generator for WWTP	2017 2017	24,989 169,244	23,278 71,408	1,711 97,836	1.07 1.07		1,711 97,836
	Caterpillar C7.1PGABR 125KW Generator	2017	42,799	14,521	28,278	1.04		28,278
	Caterpillar Skidsteer Model 226D	2018	38,947	13,054	25,893	1.04		25,893
	2006 Dodge Dakota	2006	20,171	20,171	0	1.50		0
597713	PLANT MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	1993	4,546	4,546	0	2.23		0
	PLANT MACHINERY/EQUIPMENT	1992	3,194,046	3,194,046	0	2.33		0
	WALLACE TRI-ADJUSTABLE GANTRY	1994	5,056	5,056	0	2.15		0
	ELECTRIC HOIST	1994	2,505	2,505	0	2.15		0
	CALL OUT SYSTEM - RACO VERBATI HOIST	1994 1994	4,450 3,522	4,450 3,522	0	2.15 2.15		0
	586 SOUNDPRO/DOCKING STATION	1994	2,600	2,600	0	2.13		0
	JOHN DEERE TRACTOR	1995	25,925	25,925	0	2.13		0
	SEWER - AS BUILT	1997	14,880	14,880	0	2.00		0
	BAND SAW/HOIST/PRESS	1996	2,688	2,688	0	2.07		0
	BURCH LIFT DISC. HARROW	1996	2,753	2,753	0	2.07		0
	2 TON CHAIN HOIST	1998	5,200	5,200	0	1.96		0
	FAIRBANK IMPELLERS	1998	4,471	4,471	0	1.96		0
	POTABLE WATER PUMP	1998 2000	5,547	5,547	0	1.96 1.87		0
598063	EFFLUENT PUMP	2000	7,837	7,837	0	1.87	7,837	0

Sedona Sewer Capacity Fee Model Fixed Assets by Valuation Method

					Original Cost			Replacement Co New Less
No.	Fixed Asset	Valuation Date	Original Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Less Depreciation	CCI Inflation Factor	Replacement Cost New (RCN)	Depreciation (RCNLD)
598065	DIGITAL IMAGERY AERIAL MAPPING	2001	2,500	2,500	0	1.83	2,500	
598068	IP TELEPHONY SYSTEM	2001	30,810	30,810	0	1.83		
598069	CITYVIEW LICENSES	2000	6,487	6,487	0	1.87	.,	
	PLAN/SPECS WORK STATION	2002	5,137	5,137	0	1.78	.,	
	FLYGT SUBMERSIBLE PUMPS AND CONT	2002		17,220	0	1.78	., .	
	2 FAIRBANKS MORSE SUB PUMPS	2002		21,592	0	1.78		
	CENTRIFUGAL PUMP - REPLACEMENT	2003	6,952	6,952	0	1.74	.,	
	FAIRBANKS-MORSE PUMP REBUILD	2003	3,497	3,497	0	1.74		
	CONDENSING UNIT BREWER ROAD	2003	3,440	3,440	0	1.74		
	CONDENSING UNIT EL CAMINO PS	2004	2,485	2,485	0	1.63	,	
	GRINDER PUMP-FOOTHILLS SOUTH	2003	3,271	3,271	0	1.74		
	POLYMER PUMP FOR CENTRIFUGE	2004	8,478	8,478	0	1.63	-,	
	WW Sewer Line Inspec Camera	2006	8,267	8,267	0	1.50	-,	
	WW Submersible Pump FY 05-06	2005	6,418	6,418	0	1.56		
	WW Jet Rodder FY 2005-06	2005	37,814	37,814	0	1.56		
	Centrifugal Trash Pump FY05-06	2005	- /	3,918	0	1.56	- /	
	Trails End Subm. Pump 05-06	2006		19,350	0	1.50		
	Canon CR-180 Document Scanner	2006		20,800	0	1.50		
	5 Fairbanks Morse Pump	2006	31,098	31,098	0	1.50	. ,	
	Vac-Con Vacuum Truck	2007	290,104	290,104	0	1.46		
	Wells Cargo Road Force Trailer	2006	7,510	7,510	0	1.50		
	WW Confined Space Equipment	2007	32,478	32,478	0	1.46	- /	
	WW Aerial Mapping FY 06/07	2007	95,750	95,750	0	1.46		
	WW Computer Hardware FY 06/07	2007	3,433	3,433	0	1.46	-,	
	2008 FORD RANGER SUPERCAB	2007	16,161	16,161	0	1.46	., .	
	2008 BOBCAT UTILITY VEHICLE	2007	14,306	14,306	0	1.46		
	RAS Pump	2007	15,264	15,264	0	1.46		
	SUBMERSIBLE SEWAGE PUMP-FLGYT	2008	11,456	11,456	0	1.40	,	
	2008 FORD ESCAPE	2008		18,468	0	1.40		
	SUBMERSIBLE SEWAGE PUMP-FLYGT	2008	4,471	4,471	0	1.40	, ,	
	WAS Actuator AND Valve	2008	- /	8,917	0	1.40	- /	
	WEIRWASHER SPRAY SYSTEM	2008	,	33,596	0	1.40	,	
	UTILITY TRACTOR 5625 W/ LOADER	2008		44,291	0	1.40	, .	
	2009 JEEP WRANGLER	2008	- ,	31,239	0	1.40	- ,	
	Kaman Infrared Camera WWTP	2010		5,428	0	1.32		
	WWTP REPLACEMENT MIXER	2010	13,900	13,900	0	1.32		
	WWTP REPLACEMENT MIXER #2	2010	14,250	14,250	0	1.32	,	
	SUBMERSIBLE SEWAGE PUMP	2009		12,500	0	1.36		
	COMPRESSOR A/C UNIT WWTP	2010		7,304	0	1.32		
	2010 FORD F250 COLLECT. VEH	2010	/	30,975	0	1.32	/	
	Sampler - SD900 AWRS 2.5 Galln	2010		6,207	0	1.32		
	Sludge Pump - Gorman Rupp	2011	9,986	9,986	0	1.28	. ,	
	Mixer - WWTP	2011	14,200	14,200	0	1.28	,	
	2019 Ford F-250 Wastewater	2019	29,170	5,994	23,176	1.02		23
	Ford Transit CCTV	2020		32,287	220,243	1.00		220
	Mystic LS Caterpillar Generator	2019	,	9,953	51,272	1.02	. , .	51
	WW Air Burner T24	2019		5,751	58,180	1.02		58
	WW Truxor Cattail Cutter	2019		15,654	92,836	1.02		92
	WW VCam6 camera system	2019	. ,	1,574	8,938	1.02	.,	8
	WWTP 800A Transfer Switch	2020	12,551	178	12,373	1.00		12
	DRI FLIR SYSTEMS - Flir Camera One-time	2019	6,974	1,647	5,328	1.02		5
	HPC 2500 Amp Breaker	2019	,	1,991	9,859	1.02		9
	WILO Basin mixer frame & equipment	2019		2,530	12,487	1.02		12
	WW - Replace FLYGT Pumps	2019	. ,	5,378	22,399	1.02		22
	WW AV Flow Meter	2019	6,387	1,318	5,069	1.02	.,	5
	Flygt Pump for Painted Cliffs	2019		1,277	9,234	1.02		9
	VacCon Truck Hydrostatic Pump Replacement	2019	7,694	913	6,781	1.02		6
	John Deer Gator Turbidity Analyzer	2018 2012	18,136 4,691	10,418 4,691	7,718 0	1.04 1.25	-,	7

Sedona Sewer Capacity Fee Model Summary of System Assets

	Replacement
	Cost New Less
	Depreciation
Item	(RCNLD)
Assets	
Fixed Assets	\$171,314,754
Total Assets	171,314,754
Add: Borrowing Costs (Growth)	0
Less: Principle (Non-Growth)	13,300,000
Net System Value	\$158,014,754

				Replacement Cost New
		Original Cost	Replacement	Less
		Less	Cost New	Depreciation
Description	Original Cost	Depreciation	(RCN)	(RCNLD)
Fixed Assets				
Land	\$11,211,112	\$11,209,526	\$11,211,112	\$11,209,526
Sewer Infrastructure	116,134,895	72,556,487	192,708,370	149,129,961
Buildings	9,261,799	5,417,008	14,069,846	10,225,055
Equipment and Vehicles	5,927,306	750,211	5,927,306	750,211
Total Fixed Assets	142,535,112	89,933,232	223,916,633	171,314,754
Net Debt Service (add growth interest, less non-growth principle)	(13,300,000)	(13,300,000)	(13,300,000)	(13,300,000)
Total Assets	129,235,112	76,633,232	210,616,633	158,014,754
Number of Single Family Equivalent Units	9,536	9,536	9,536	9,536
Proposed Capacity Fee per Single Family Unit	\$13,553	\$8,037	\$22,088	\$16,571
Current Capacity Fee per Single Family Unit	\$10,634	\$10,634	\$10,634	\$10,634
Change	\$2,919	(\$2,597)	\$11,454	\$5,937

Total Capacity Average Sewer Flows per Single Family Unit (gpd) Total Single Family Equivalent Units Fee per Single Family Unit Water Supply Fixture Units per Single Family Unit Fee per Water Supply Fixture Unit	1,600,000 167.79 9,536	\$16,571 22.70 \$730.01	·
Single Family Only Arizona Water Flows (gallons) Oak Creek Residential Flows (gallons) Total Annual Flows (gallons) Gallons per Day			258,226,800 26,744,156 284,970,956 780,742
Arizona Water Accounts Oak Creek Accounts Total Accounts Gallons per Account per Day			4,085 568 4,653

City of Sedona Projected Capacity Fee Results Fiscal Years 2022 - 2029

Line									
No.	Description	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
	Sources of Funds								
1	Beginning-of-Year Cash	\$1,597,355	\$2,265,841	\$3,008,311	\$3,795,066	\$4,602,198	\$5,246,266	\$4,153,090	\$2,349,695
	Total Revenues								
2	Capacity Fees	\$728,486	\$742,469	\$786,755	\$807,132	\$828,037	\$849,483	\$871,485	\$894,056
	. 5								
3	Total Total Revenues	728,486	742,469	786,755	807,132	828,037	849,483	871,485	894,056
	Non-Operating Expenses								
4	Capital Improvements	60,000	-	_	-	170,385	1,799,209	2,477,360	1,532,688
5	Existing Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6	New Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Total Non-Operating Expenses	60,000	0	0	0	170,385	1,799,209	2,477,360	1,532,688
8	Net Cashflow	668,486	742,469	786,755	807,132	644,068	(1,093,176)	(1,803,395)	(760,833)
9	End-of-Year Cash	\$2,265,841	\$3,008,311	\$3,795,066	\$4,602,198	\$5,246,266	\$4,153,090	\$2,349,695	\$1,588,862





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